

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. XIII. NO. 24

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1901.

WHOLE NUMBER 628

SUMMER SALE OF DRY GOODS.

We have a small quantity of Schenck Bankrupt goods left and have added to these everything from our Dry Goods Department that needs to be closed out. These goods are marked as follows:

- Dress Goods, 75c and \$1.00 qualities now 49c
- Dress Goods, 50c, 59c and 69c qualities now 34 and 25c.
- Dress Goods, 35 and 39c qualities now 17 1/2c.
- Dress Goods, 25c quality now 10 to 12 1/2c.
- Best dollar Corsets (to close out lots) 69c.
- Summer corsets, 39c quality 25c.
- One lot of 75c and \$1.00 Silks 48c.
- Best \$1.00 Kid Gloves, all sizes, black and colors 69c.
- Wash goods at reduced prices.

- 25 pieces extra good 8 and 10c Gingham 5c.
- 30 pieces 10, 12 1/2 and 15c, best Gingham 7 1/2c.

Neck Ribbons at reduced prices.

One lot best prints 4-1-2c.

Genuine Cuticura Soap 20c.

Genuine Pears Soap 10c.

New Lawns, Percale and Print Wrappers.

Extra Special prices to close out every Lace Curtain in stock. (Until

August 10th only.)

REMNANT SALE.

We have selected out all short ends of ribbons, laces, cotton wash goods, prints, gingham, crashees, linen damasks, red damasks, wool dress goods, and marked them very cheap. Look these over when you have time.

SHOES.

We have had a wonderful sale on our big lot of women's and children's shoes. (O. W. Schenck's bankrupt stock). Low prices are what have brought us the trade. We are giving better values than ever for this week's trade.

\$3.00 and \$3.50 Women's Fine Shoes for \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Some Good Odd Pairs of \$3.00 shoes for 98c.

Children's Shoes, all sizes, 50c to \$1.00. Extra good honest values, but not "the latest." Buy these now for school use. They'll cost more later.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications

DECORATED CROCKERY

AT 10 CENTS.

You are always interested in table novelties and will enjoy looking over our new line of DECORATED CROCKERY. It is in a simple green pattern on plain white and we are sure that you will pronounce the assortment unusually good

AT 10 CENTS.

- Elegant water sets with tray 99c
- Best Fruit Jars at lowest price
- 4 cans choice sugar corn for 25c
- 8 pounds snow flake starch for 25c
- All \$1.00 patent medicines for 75c
- All 50c patent medicines for 38c
- All 25c patent medicines for 18c
- All 25c pills and plasters for 18c
- Strongest ammonia 5c pint
- Pure Epsom salts 2c pound
- Pure Glauber salts for 2c pound
- Spirits camphor 40c pint
- Best ginger snap 8c pound
- 4 pounds Vail-Crane crackers 25c
- 10 pounds best oatmeal 25c
- 6 pounds sal soda for 5c
- 13 bars laundry soap 25c
- Kirkoline and Gold Dust 20c package
- Seeded Raisins 10c pound

Highest Market Price for Eggs.

AT THE

BANK DRUG STORE.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NUMBER 8

BASE BALL.

Game Friday Between West Side Victor Giants and East Side Tigers.

There will be a highly interesting and intensely exciting game of ball at Snyder Park Friday afternoon. The game will be between the West Side Victor Giants and the East Side Tigers. The Giants won the game last Friday, and are bound to capture the next game, if possible, and the Tigers are going to put forth every effort to win.

The line up of the teams will be as follows:

GIANTS. TIGERS.

H. Beissel.....Pitcher.....P. Steger
B. Steinbach.....Catcher.....O. Barres
Gus BeGole.....1st B.....E. Hammond
J. Merrinane.....2d B.....C. Plowe
J. Klein.....3d B.....L. Vogel
F. Leach capt.....L. F.....C. W. Maroney
E. Steinbach.....C. F. M. Wackenhut capt
D. Miller.....R. F.....J. Speer
G. Eisele.....S. S.....J. S. Cummings
H. Witherell.....Sub.....J. B. Cole

The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock. Geo. A. BeGole will act as umpire, and expects to have a strong body guard to see that his decisions are respected, and that "rag chewing" is stopped. Admission, gentlemen 10 cents, ladies and children free.

County Treasury in a Bad Condition.

Times: The county treasury will soon be in the condition of the city treasury. On July 1 the balance to the credit of Washtenaw county was only \$3,698.67. This means an overdraft by September 1 and a large one by December 1. Although the supervisors knew the condition of the county treasury last January they raised \$3,000 less than the year before. They only appropriated \$500 for the building fund in the face of the fact that they ordered the jail lined with steel, a new sidewalk on the south side of the court house and that building painted. If they do not raise sufficient to pay the big overdraft next January, taxpayers will in two years hear something drop. It would perhaps be better to drop some unbusiness-like supervisors.

New Game Law is O. K.

Attorney General Oren has furnished State Game Warden Morse with an opinion, in which he disposes of the contention that the new game law will not hold together. The law was regularly passed by both houses of the legislature, one section became transposed, section 10 of the bill signed by the governor not having been passed by either house. The Attorney General holds that this section is invalid, but that the remainder of the act will stand. The invalid section relates to the open season for shooting quail and the law in force prior to the taking effect of the new law will remain in effect in regard to the shooting of quail. The old law provides for an open season commencing October 20.

An Interesting Collection.

In the main corridor of the State Normal College at Ypsilanti, says the Times, there stands in a large case a collection which even at the present day is a curiosity and a rarity, which the lapse of years will make of deep human interest, and in the knowledge that it can never be duplicated, of priceless value. Mrs. Florence Babbitt, wife of Judge J. Willard Babbitt of Ypsilanti, is a noted collector of articles that have descended from pioneer days, and from her collection during 15 years of steady work and at a cost of several thousand dollars, she has selected 150 of the rarest and most interesting pieces which, after arranging and cataloguing, she has presented to the Normal to be a permanent reflection of the pioneer days in Michigan. Among the most interesting pieces is a vestal lamp which was brought to Freedom township in early days and which is supposed to be 50 years old. Mrs. Case of Manchester has presented a sand shaker or sand box, used to sift sand over fresh writing, for drying purposes, and which was superseded by blotting paper.

ELECTRIC ROAD NOTES.

The Boland fence builders are now at work between Chelsea and Dexter. The grading on the Hawks & Angus road at Lima Center will be completed this week.

The Boland syndicate which paid \$50,000 down toward the purchase of the Detroit, Plymouth & Northville road a few weeks ago, completed the deal Saturday, paying the remainder of the purchase price, which is understood to be \$325,000.

William A. Boland of the Detroit & Chicago Traction Co., was presented with a franchise through the city of Ann Arbor and out Broadway toward Detroit without any cost, and its terms are so liberal that the aldermen finally woke up to the fact that they had given something for nothing. In order to avoid an expensive grade separation on Huron street over the Ann Arbor tracks, Mr. Boland bought a private right of way in order

to strike the center of the city. Later he found that it would be hardly practicable for his electric cars to go up and down the steep grade of Broadway hill. Here was an opportunity that the aldermen had been looking for. The scheme was not to grant Mr. Boland any change in his franchise unless he agreed to pay a liberal share toward grade separation on Huron street. Meanwhile his agents were quietly at work, and it now transpires that he has purchased a complete private right of way through what is known as "lower town," so that it looks to some that he can now snap his fingers at the aldermen.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

OFFICIAL.

Chelsea, Mich., July 17, 1901. Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by the President. Roll called by the Clerk. Present—F. P. Glazier president, and trustees Burkhardt, Schenk, Lehman and McKune. Absent—J. Bacon and R. A. Snyder.

Minutes read and approved. Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by Schenk, that the following bills be allowed and orders drawn on treasurer for amount. Carried.

Geo. H. Foster & Co. making taps and supplies.....\$ 12 10
F. C. Fenn mowing weeds.....1 00
W. Sumner 15 1/2 days on ditch.....23 25
G. Martin 4 days on street.....6 00
C. VanOrden 3 1/2 days on street.....5 25
John F. Malers 1 month salary.....30 00
M. Lighthall 1 month salary.....20 00
Sam Trouten 1 month salary.....20 00
Tom W. Mingley printing.....25 50
David Alber 1 month salary.....20 00
J. M. Woods 1 month salary.....20 00
B. Parker 1 month salary.....20 00
F. Mensing 2 days on street.....3 00
F. L. Davidson building cross walk.....15 19

The Chapman Coal Co. 2 cars coal.....83 28
M. C. R. R. freight.....36 78
Sprague Electrical Co. 8 fans.....44 50
Allis, Chalmers & Co., supplies R. Williamson & Co., supplies Mich. Electric Co., supplies.....25 54
Republic Oil Co., oil.....29 15
M. B. Austin & Co., supplies.....158 80

Moved by Lehman, seconded by McKune that the Clerk be instructed to ask Prof. Chas. E. Greene of Ann Arbor to come to Chelsea at once and give his figures on plans and specifications on paving. Carried.

Moved and supported that we adjourn until Monday night, July 22, 1901. Carried.

W. H. HENSELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

Chelsea, Mich., July 22, 1901.

Pursuant to regular adjourned meeting of July 17th board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by J. W. Schenk president pro tem. Roll called by Clerk. Present—Burkhardt, Schenk, Lehman and McKune. Absent—R. A. Snyder and J. Bacon.

The plans for the grade of the electric road was the presented.

Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by McKune that the plans for the grade be referred to the street committee. Carried. The following bills were then presented: Fred Labor on street.....\$ 6 75
M. C. R. R. freight.....1 10
Geo. H. Hindelang 920 loads dirt @ 20c.....184 00

Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by McKune that the bills be allowed and orders drawn for same.

Moved and supported that we adjourn until Wednesday night, July 24, 1901. Carried.

W. H. HENSELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

The Graphophone Grand.

To meet the constantly growing demand for a graphophone of the Grand type at a figure that will suit the popular purse, the Columbia Phonograph Company announces that the price of the Columbia Grand graphophone is reduced from \$75 to \$50, of Grand records from \$1.50 to \$1 each, and of Grand blanks from \$1 to 75 cents each. These machines give forth reproductions of sound with the same volume and quality as the original rendition. They speak and sing with the volume of a giant's voice; yet with the intensified vibrant power there is no sacrifice of quality, but, on the contrary, a richer, fuller and more faithful reproduction of the timbre of the original sound is obtained. Five hundred dollars was the price of the machines when first offered for sale, and the original price of large records was five dollars each. Facilities for the manufacture of the goods on a large scale and the bringing out of new methods, have made possible great reductions in price. There is now no obstacle to the universal adoption of the Grand graphophone as the most fascinating home entertainer of modern life.

The Columbia Phonograph Co., No. 88 Wabash avenue, Chicago, headquarters for graphophones and talking machine supplies of every kind, will send you catalogues on application.

If young ladies think sores, pimples and red noses look well with a bride veil and orange blossoms, it's all right. Yet Rocky Mountain Tea would drive them away. So, Glazier & Sumson.

QUALITY

with us has always been the first and most important consideration in everything pertaining to our

DRUG DEPARTMENT.

We do not claim to sell you Drugs for nothing; but we do claim that when you purchase Drugs of us they are absolutely PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PATENT MEDICINES.

- Peruna.....75c
- Swamp Root.....75c
- Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.....75c
- Pierce's Medical Discovery.....75c
- Pierce's Favorite Prescription.....75c
- Palme's Celery Compound.....75c
- Compound Celery Nerve. The best Nerve Tonic.....75c
- Hood's Sarsaparilla.....75c
- Ayer's Sarsaparilla.....75c
- Spring's Sarsaparilla, the best made.....75c
- All 25 cent Pills and Plasters (except Rex belladonna and capicum) at 18c.

Remember our line of Perfumes are the most popular. Undoubtedly your friend has told you so. Ask to try them when you are in the store.

We have this week received a new line of Lowney's Confectionery, fresh and sweet. Examine our Candy Case. Always neat and clean.

Yours in what is right.

Fenn & Vogel.

Highest Market Price for Eggs.



We sell the

Gale, Syracuse and Toledo Burch Plows.

Spike and Spring Tooth Harrows all at lowest prices.

FURNITURE BARGAINS

for the balance of this month.

Agents for American Woven Wire Fence.

W. J. KNAPP.



Brain Bread is the Bread to use in warm weather. We deliver to any part of the village. You can order by phone. Call for No. 46.

We have a full line of cookies, cakes, buns, biscuits, salt raising, rye and cream bread. Remember

Howard's Baking Powder

is the strongest and purest.

J. G. EARL.

First door east of Hoag & Holmes.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health and my life. I was treated in vain by the doctors for lung trouble following a gripe. I took One Minute Cough Cure and recovered my health." Mr. E. H. Wise Madison, Ga. Glazier & Sumson.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE
Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank
at Chelsea, Michigan,
At the Close of Business July 15, 1901.

as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....\$ 66,369.47
Bonds, mortgages, securities 187,904.84
Premiums paid on bonds.....348.75
Overdrafts.....578.70
Banking house.....7,600.00
Furniture and fixtures.....1,600.00
Due from other banks and bankers.....17,600.00
U. S. bonds.....5,600.00
Due from banks in reserve cities 38,060.69
U. S. and national bank currency.....4,802.00
Gold coin.....5,085.00
Silver coin.....2,087.40
Nickels and cents 249.02 56,734.11
Checks, cash items internal revenue account.....339.27
Total.....\$387,775.14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....\$ 40,000.00
Surplus.....3,000.00
Undivided profits, net.....2,336.33
Dividends unpaid 120.00
Commercial deposits 42,982.20
Certificates of deposit.....21,326.27
Savings deposits 213,958.23
Savings certificates.....14,052.11 292,438.81
Total.....\$387,775.14

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN A. PALMER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24 day of July, 1901.

G. W. TURNBULL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: Edward Vogel, C. Klein, Geo. A. BeGole, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE
Chelsea Savings Bank,
at Chelsea, Michigan,
At the close of Business, July 15th, 1901

as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....\$132,805.95
Bonds, mortgages, securities 166,566.64
Banking house.....4,000.00
Furniture and fixtures.....2,046.50
Other real estate.....2,550.00
Due from banks in reserve cities 45,483.52
Excess for clearing house.....603.85
U. S. and national bank currency.....5,955.40
Gold coin.....6,350.00
Silver coin.....1,266.25
Nickels and cents 201.94 59,880.56
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account.....404.03
Total.....\$368,253.71

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund.....9,222.00
Undivided profits, net.....3,339.58
Dividends unpaid.....361.00
Commercial deposits.....70,583.41
Certificates of deposit.....61,294.77
Savings deposits 61,257.06
Savings certificates.....102,195.88 295,331.12
Total.....\$368,253.71

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Wm. J. Knapp, president of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Wm. J. KNAPP, President.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24 day of July 1901.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: W. P. SCHENK, F. P. GLAZIER, GEO. W. PALMER, Directors.

Ask for our prices on

Family Work Rough-dry or Finished.

We also launder

Overall Suits. Underwear. Handkerchiefs.

etc., at very low rates.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

Six Baths \$1.00.

"The doctors told me my cough was incurable. One Minute Cough Cure made me a well man." Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.—Because you've not found relief from a stubborn cough, don't despair. One Minute Cough Cure has cured thousands and it will cure you. Safe and sure. Glazier & Sumson.

The Chelsea Standard.

G. T. Hoover, Publisher.

CHelsea, MICHIGAN.

France's new prison at Fresnes, some eight miles from Paris, is the largest in the world.

Andrew Carnegie intends to erect a monument to James G. Blaine at Pittsburg, probably in Schenley Park, near the Carnegie Institute.

A memorial of Rosa Bonheur, presented by Senator Gambart, the Spanish consul at Nice, has been unveiled at Fontainebleau, near which town she dwelt for many years. The memorial consists of a bronze bull, an enlarged facsimile of one of her sculptures; the bas-reliefs of the pedestal give her portrait and representations of three of her principal paintings.

The women of the German city of Magdeburg will honor the memory of Queen Louise by the erection of a statue of the venerated queen. Johannes Goets was entrusted with the task of creating in Carrara marble the figure of the beautiful queen. The figure stands on a massive cubical base, bearing on one side the inscription: "Louise, Queen of Prussia," and on the opposite side: "Dedicated by the women of Magdeburg."

State Geologist Dumble of Texas has disclosed sources of mineral wealth that are astounding. He says that in one county alone, that of Cherokee, there are 600,000,000 tons of rich iron ore in sight, and that in east Texas, as a whole, there are 3,000,000,000 tons. And by the side of this ore lies all the coal necessary to work the ore into shape. The geologist makes the flat statement that "no country in the world has cheaper material for smelting iron than east Texas."

In order to appreciate the extreme democracy of the people in the southeast of Europe, it may be mentioned that Mme. Karaveloff, wife of the prime minister of Bulgaria, continues to pursue her avocation as school teacher, and every morning when her husband leaves home to attend to his duties as premier she takes her departure for the public grammar school to fulfill her duties as one of the teachers. She is a very remarkable woman, and has been imprisoned and tried on charges of treason and of lese majeste while the political foes of her husband were in office.

Now that Rostand's play, "L'Aiglon," has aroused so much interest in the melancholy story of Napoleon's son, there will be some interest in the death of the last considerable actor in the abortive conspiracy to restore the empire with the Duke of Reichstadt in his father's place. This person was Varabowski, a Pole, who was a lieutenant in the grand army and fought at Waterloo. The conspirators in 1822 took possession of several towns in the west of France in the name of Napoleon II, but at Samur the movement was stopped and the small force they had gathered rapidly scattered. Varabowski escaped and returned to Poland, where he has just died at Warsaw, at the age of 105 years.

The "brown-tailed" caterpillar has been officially considered by the Boston board of health, whose members are ready to acknowledge that this pest can produce the skin irritation complained of by some residents in the suburbs of that city. The insect is destructive of fruit trees. The hair of the worm is brittle and barbed, and its action on the skin is regarded as purely mechanical, rather than poisonous. It is yet to be determined whether actual contact with the worm is necessary to cause the irritation, or whether this may result through the blowing about of the hair or fur by the winds. The doctors incline to the latter belief. However produced, the irritation and resultant sickness are described as being severe.

King Carlos of Portugal has become passionately devoted to yacht racing, and has announced his decision to have a racing yacht built for the express purpose of enabling him to win back from the English Royal Yacht Squadron the Vasco de Gama Cup in the third international race, which takes place next year over a course extending from Southampton to Lisbon, that is across the dangerous Bay of Biscay. The king is now in consultation with naval architects with regard to the designs for his new racing yacht, and is disposed to have the latter built in the United States, rather than in England, the victories of the American defenders of the America Cup and the recent mishaps to the Shamrock inclining him to the belief that boats built on this side of the Atlantic unite a greater degree of strength, with lightness and delicacy of lines, than those of English construction and design.

It cannot be too often repeated that the secret of German success in so many branches of human activity is specialization. And it may fairly be asked whether in many cases they do not "pay too much for their whistle." The days are long gone by when Schiller could venture to condemn the exclusive pursuit of what he called "bread-and-butter" studies. Nowadays nearly every one in Germany keeps "bread and butter" steadily in view. The next generation of Germans will be even more specialized than their fathers.

THE NEWS IN MICHIGAN.

The Helen Mine Claim was Not Jumped.

STORM SWEEPS MARQUETTE.

Gambling Debts are Uncollectable.—Disasters in Grand Rapids.—All Sorts of News Picked up from Various Points About the State.

Disaster in Grand Rapids.

A four-story brick in Grand Rapids, occupied by Friedman & Co., wholesale and retail dry goods, collapsed Thursday morning and tumbled into the street. An hour later the most disastrous fire ever known in the city began, and threatened the whole business center. The flames spread rapidly from the loose dry goods stock to the crockery store of Bickley & Co., and the furnishing goods house of Wurzburg & Co., where the flames were checked after a hard fight. The whole Blodgett furniture block was ablaze, when Lieutenant of Firemen Connor fell from the top of a 55-foot ladder into the street and will die from his injuries.

The cause of the building's collapse was the remodeling inside, where workmen cut away some main pillars. Friedman & Co. employ 200 clerks, and terrible results can be imagined had the crash come a few hours later. The estimated loss to Friedman & Co. is \$150,000, total; Luce building, \$80,000, total; Wurzburg, \$40,000, partial; Bickley & Co., \$30,000, partial; Blodgett building, \$100,000, partial; a dozen furniture exhibitors in the Blodgett building, sample furniture, \$5,000 each; White building, \$1,000, partial.

A number of other stores were flooded with water, and this loss is not estimated.

The Great Go-Liner.

A Newaygo correspondent wrote this to a Grand Rapids paper: "The heat here is something remarkable. Our inhabitants had the pleasure of going down to Hess lake and having a fish dinner. All the fish in the pond were boiled by the fierce heat, and all that was necessary in order to secure a square meal was to reach into the pond and haul out a fish by the tail and knock the scales off, when the flesh underneath was found to be nicely cooked. One sad accident has to be recorded in this connection. Little Willie Geeser, in his excitement, rushed into the pond, and before he could be rescued one of his heels and three toes on the other foot were done to a turn. Willie was finally dragged out, and after medical treatment will be able to play around again."

Gambling Debts.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the case of the Maine Mile Track association, which sued George H. Hammond, Jr., of Detroit, to recover a note for \$1,123. The defense was that the check was given in Maine for a gambling debt, and the Maine statute provides that all obligations given in whole or part for money or goods won by gambling are utterly void against all persons, except bona fide purchasers of real estate and holders of negotiable paper for a valuable consideration without notice. Hammond gave the check in payment for pool tickets and both courts hold that he need not pay it.

A Marquette Storm.

Beginning at 6 o'clock, at the conclusion of several hours of 100-degree weather, the fiercest windstorm which has been experienced in Marquette in fifteen years raged for twenty minutes Saturday evening. Immense damage was done to signs, awnings, chimneys and roofs all over the city. The greatest damage was worked at the new Froebel school, where the false front of brick on the roof was blown upon the roof, crushing it and breaking the rafters and timbers. Rain did considerable damage to the interior of the building, and repairs will cost a couple of thousand dollars.

Grand Rapids Suffers Again.

The plant of the Michigan Barrel Co., located in Grand Rapids, burned Thursday night, with adjacent lumber piles and a large amount of stock. The loss will reach a quarter of a million. Fire was discovered about 9:30 a few minutes after the watchman had made his trip through the factory and it spread with a rapidity that nothing could withstand. At midnight, the factory, which was the largest of its kind in the state, was a total wreck. The company manufactured refrigerators, baskets and boxes.

Did Not Jump It.

F. H. Clergue says there was absolutely no foundation for the story that Helen Iron mine has been "jumped," because the Clergue syndicate neglected to make its title good. "Our title from the government," he says, "was granted long ago."

Six thousand cars of furniture are shipped from Grand Rapids every year.

William Howe, of Middleville, is under arrest, charged with practicing shameful cruelty upon his 12-year-old son.

Tom Watts, a Negaunee miner, has been notified that a slater in Cornwall, England, has died, leaving him \$80,000 in cash and real estate valued at \$40,000.

Simon Valentine, of Stanton, is under arrest, charged with being implicated in the Graham robbery committed last fall when Mrs. Graham was bound and gagged and the house searched. The burglars deliberately ate a lunch at the house before they departed. Valentine has served time at Jackson, and has lived in Stanton for several months past.

Two boys were picked up by the police in the Michigan Central yards, Kalamazoo, and if the story they tell is true, they took one of the most exciting rides in the history of the railroad, clinging to the roof of a Pullman sleeper the 148 miles between Chicago and Kalamazoo.

MINOR MICHIGAN MATTERS.

Negaunee is having a building boom never equaled since 1888.

The United States owns 462,157 acres of land in Michigan.

The salt and lumber mills of Mauntee are shut down by a strike.

Detroit will be in gala attire during the Cadillac celebration on July 25, 26 and 27.

The first peaches from the Michigan belt were shipped from St. Joseph Monday.

The Michigan Salt Association has reduced the price from 70 cents to 45 cents per barrel.

Ike Bonds, aged 18, was drowned in Dickinson's lake while bathing. The body was recovered.

Londoning is putting up a hard fight for a new fish hatchery, with good prospects of securing it.

Van Buren county voted by about 300 majority to appropriate \$35,000 for a new county building.

Francis Dowell, of Deerfield, has been held for trial in \$1,000 bail on a charge of criminal assault.

Andrews' hotel barn and contents, including a horse, burned at Holly. Loss \$600; insurance \$200.

The Flaked Food Co. has been organized at Battle Creek, capital \$500,000, to make breakfast food.

This year any brewery can send beer to the state encampment. Last year a Detroit concern had a cinch.

The state pardon board will meet at Saginaw Tuesday to consider the cases of convicts from that locality.

The total expenses of the state tax commission for the fiscal year, which ended June 30, 1901, were \$120,000.

By slipping into a soss-bucket in the Muskegon rolling mill, George Mohr was severely scalded about the feet.

The Allegan village council has named the village park Pingree park, in honor of the late former governor.

It is alleged that a California woman will prosecute John McCormick for bigamy. He has a wife in Saginaw.

Glen, the 8-year-old son of Lawrence Glessner, of Clayton, is dead from being kicked in the stomach by a horse.

The Methodists of North Muskegon built a bonfire in the main street, in which they burned a \$200 mortgage.

Flint farmers cannot get men to harvest their crops, and are offering as high as \$3 per day in some instances.

The Kirby Carpenter Co.'s brick mill, of Menominee, has shut down for one year, throwing 160 men out of employment.

Benjamin Luger, of Colon, deliberately walked in front of a train near Milford, and his body was cut to pieces.

The survey for an electric road from Farmington west to Lansing has begun. This will make a direct line to Detroit.

Marilda Caniff, mother of W. H. Caniff, president of the Nickel Plate railroad, died of paralysis at her home in Clayton.

The raspberry crop is ruined in Berrien county by the continued dry spell, representing a loss to the farmers of \$100,000.

Work was suspended at the Michigan Portland Cement works, in Quincy, Saturday, and everything is being put in order.

Grand Rapids is going to have a fight on with the government over the question of closing the Grand river channel inside the city.

Charles Ritchie, an inmate of the northern asylum, eluded the vigilance of a brother, and hanged himself from a tree in the woods.

Two Alpena firemen were seriously injured by flying debris during a fire which nearly destroyed the plant of the Beck Brewing company.

Miss Amy Leslie, the dramatic critic of Chicago, and Frank H. Buck, a hotel employee of Chicago, were married at St. Joseph a few days ago.

Max Summers, a farmer living near Sheridan, left a box of Paris green lying about where his cows could get at it, and three of them are dead.

The main belt on the generator at the Buchanan electric light station broke, and the end of the belt, striking the switchboard, demolished it.

Henry Larnee and Ed. Van Fleet, who broke jail in Concord, have been captured at Niles. They are wanted at Jackson on a charge of burglary.

Gabel Jones, of St. Joseph, is suffering from terrible knife wounds, alleged to have been inflicted by a man whom he had generously befriended.

Mrs. Nellie B. Krogman has taken charge of the postoffice at Ishpeming. She is the first postmistress of a second-class office in the upper peninsula.

Five tramps were captured near the north limits of Adrian. They held up Dwight Hinkley near the Lake Shore station and took two \$5 bills from his pocket.

Forest fires in Alpena and Montmorency counties are assuming threatening proportions, and quantities of timber and forest products are being destroyed.

There will be another old-time encampment of soldiers, sailors and marines of both wars held at Camp Houk, Oceana county, Mich., Aug. 19 to 23, inclusive.

George Hodges, aged 43, is charged with committing a criminal assault on Tillie Taylor, aged 11, the daughter of Royal Taylor, at Black Lake, Cheboygan county.

The section foreman on the Grand Trunk at Fort Gratiot says men are scarce. He has never known such a demand for labor in the past quarter of a century.

The health boards of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota will meet at Madison to plan a campaign for the extinction of smallpox in this portion of the country.

There are two cases of smallpox in a mild form and several cases of varioloid in the women's hospital at the Michigan Asylum for the Insane, Kalamazoo. Both patients and nurses are sick.

Arthur Griffin, son of a farmer living two miles north of Mt. Pleasant, got tangled up with a mowing machine and received a terrible cut in the abdomen. He had good nerve and walked half a mile for assistance. He will probably recover.

The Bloomfield Cheese Factory received over 57,000 pounds of milk during the month of May and paid the patrons for the same \$1,672.

The Supreme Tent, Knights of the Maccabees, has dropped Major Boynton from his position as adviser at a salary of \$5,000 and also from the board of trustees.

The 11-year-old son of Charles Wier, of Ann Arbor, died Tuesday from the effects of a kick in the abdomen received in a fight with a young lad about a week ago.

Arthur Goldbeck, 2-year-old son of John Goldbeck, of Grand Rapids, died from the effects of excessive heat Tuesday night. The boy had been playing in the sun.

The cruise of the Yantic ended in Detroit Wednesday night. Michigan's Naval Reserve had a fine cruise and are to be congratulated for their efficiency and discipline.

Sheriff Hammond reports that the Mason county jail received 500 prisoners during the past year, of which only 12 were women. The cost of maintaining the jail was \$3,320.

Sugar beet weeder for the Lansing sugar factory were paid over \$4,000 for their work last week. The company has paid out upward of \$50,000 to the weeder in this section.

The promoters of the Detroit, Pontiac, Lapeer and Northern electric railroad have applied to Bay City for a franchise from there to Detroit, through Caro and Lapeer.

The Adventists have paid \$19,000 in cash for the three Berrien Springs farms upon which their \$150,000 college will be erected. Work on the building will begin at once.

Gov. Bliss has appointed Manville Jenks, of Ishpeming, a member of the state tax commission to fill the vacancy caused by the failure of Graham Pope, of Houghton, to qualify.

Miss Phoebe Stevens, a well-known woman of literary ability, and William C. Cockrill of Saginaw, were arrested on a charge of grand larceny at the instance of Cassopolis authorities.

Bryon Peck, of Allegan, weighed 300 pounds six months ago. He was afflicted with blood poisoning and wasted away until he weighed but 80 pounds, and died. He was 38 years old.

Bert Montgomery was released from the Michigan reformatory, at Ionia, on parole, making a total of 125 prisoners that have been released under the parole law since its enactment in 1895.

While Mrs. Henry Elkins, of Eastland, was at her daughter's home, her son Howard, two years and three months old, was missed. After a search they found his body in the cistern.

Refreshment booths will not be found within the limits of the state camp this year, as the military board decided to grant no concessions, and to accept no payment from any such enterprise.

Notes and mortgages found in a hollow stump proved to be the property of Mrs. David Myers, of St. Joseph, having been stolen from her residence a few days ago. The cash taken is still missing.

The 2-year-old child of James Jewell, of Negaunee, was playing about the house when it fell into a pan of boiling milk. The little one was terribly scalded and death soon relieved it from its agony.

Raymond Cod, aged 14, an inmate of the reform school at Lansing for boys, ran away and was captured in Perry after a hard chase. He was sent from Detroit two years ago for burglarizing a laundry.

The annual report of Capt. Charles Keller, in charge of river and harbor work for the Grand Rapids, Mich., district, recommends appropriations for the next fiscal year to the amount of \$1,541,441.

There is something of a boom on in Kalamazoo building circles, two of the most important structures in sight being a steel spring plant, and a handsome new armory by Co. C, Second Regiment.

Governor Bliss has issued a call for a special election in the Tenth Congressional district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rousseau O. Crump. The date of the election was fixed on Oct. 15.

Henry Willis and W. B. Harmon each claim \$3,000 damages from John Kibler because, as they allege, beer was sold to their minor daughters at the defendant's saloon, in St. Joseph, on Sunday, June 9.

The land commissioner will confer with the attorney general before issuing a patent to S. S. Olds for that portion of the St. Clair Plats claimed by him in accordance with the opinion of the Supreme Court.

Bay City's increase in personal assessments is larger by far than last year. One estate which escaped last year is assessed at \$82,000 this year, and another personal assessment now on the rolls is one for \$80,000.

The state land office asserts that the swamp land scrip held by E. W. Sparrow covers exactly the same lands at the St. Clair Plats as the Olds patent, recently allowed by the Supreme Court, and does not affect other lands.

F. A. McKenzie, proprietor of the Quincy roller mills, was slacking lime in a pail when the mixture exploded, filling his face and eyes with the burning liquid and causing him intense suffering. It is feared that his sight may be destroyed.

John Manchester of Flint township, who was arrested several weeks ago on the charge of criminally assaulting his 9-year-old step-daughter, was discharged. The girl claimed on the stand that the story she told of the alleged assault was untrue.

Petoskey suffers loss by the destruction of the big maple flooring factory belonging to the Thos. Forman Co., Ltd., by fire together with all the buildings connected with it, 6,000,000 feet of lumber and one dwelling house. It was the most disastrous fire in Petoskey's history. The loss will be nearly \$400,000, with insurance only \$50,000.

One of the most prominent residents of Hancock, 74 years old, is under arrest charged with sending obscene and scurrilous communications through the mails. The case causes great excitement here, and is regarded as senile dementia.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Figures and Reports of the Great Steel Workers Strike.

A JUDGE'S VIEW OF PICKETING.

Previous Great Strikes, Showing the Capital Involved and the Results to the Men—Arbitration with Not Be Allowed—Both Sides Remain Firm.

The Steel Workers' Strike.

The second week of the sheet, hoop and tin plate workers' strike opens with vigor. The strike situation Saturday morning was not good for the Amalgamated Association, but the work in an unexpected quarter in McKeesport Saturday afternoon and Sunday has changed the outlook materially. So strong a show of revived unionism has been exhibited that the Deewe wood mill of the American Sheet Steel company has decided not to try resumption. The center of operations has been transferred to Wellsville, O. The Amalgamated secured a foothold in the National Rolling Mill department of the National Tube Works, in McKeesport, a part of the United States corporation not on strike and supposed to be strongly non-union. It is a mixed lodge of puddlers and finishers strong enough to tie up the plant. The next move, however, is up to the National Tube company, which is understood to have threatened discharge if the men joined a union. Discharge would spread the strike. This is the first attempt to test the temper of the management on unionism since the plant's absorption. The Amalgamated Association formerly flourished in the McKeesport plant. The Carnegie strike of 1892 weakened the position and in 1894 a crisis again developed at the tube plant. There was rioting and the Amalgamated was defeated.

The McKeesport plant of the tube company is the largest in the world. In all departments about 6,000 men are employed, and the closing down of the rolling mill and steel works would tie up the whole works. The rolling mill employs about 450 men.

In the great strike at the Homestead Mills some years ago, 15,000 men were out, the corporation's capital was \$300,000,000, the strike fund \$500,000, the strike lasted five months and the men lost. In the American Railway Union's Chicago strike 100,000 men were involved, the corporate capital was \$670,000,000, the strike fund \$200,000, the strike lasted three months and the men lost. The strike of anthracite coal miners involved 60,000 men, the corporate capital was \$350,000,000, the strike fund \$65,000, the strike lasted two months and the men won. The great steel workers' strike now on involves 200,000 men, the corporate capital is \$1,500,000,000, the strike fund \$250,000, and the end not in sight. This official statement has been given out by a member of the firm of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co.

"The United States Steel corporation will not consent to any arbitration of the present difficulty. There is nothing to arbitrate. The company stands willing to agree to the demands of the men as to wages and hours. If there is any other question at issue it is merely a sentimental one raised by the Amalgamated association."

J. P. Morgan says: "There has been no settlement and there can be no compromise. The position of the operating companies is perfectly simple, and well understood, and so far as I am concerned has my unqualified approval."

Picketing Unlawful.

Judge Clark, of the United States District Court, during the hearing of the motion to dissolve the temporary injunction issued against the striking machinists of Cincinnati, said:

"I have arrived at the conclusion that picketing is beyond shadow of doubt unlawful; that it is immoral and wrong. Counsel for the defense must understand plainly that I am opposed to picketing in any form whatever and that I will promptly make the power of this court felt against it. But violence," he added, "is not to be remedied by injunction in this court. It is subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the state courts."

Look Out for Them.

Chief Wilkie, of the secret service, has received a number of bank notes printed from the original plates used by the State Bank of New Brunswick, N. J., over 50 years ago. The bank went out of existence some time in the '50s, and it was supposed the steel plates were destroyed. It seems that the plates have fallen into the hands of parties who have printed from them large quantities of notes which have been put into circulation from New York to San Francisco. A very large percentage of the notes so far discovered are two, although some ones and fives are being sent in. It is said possibly \$2,000,000 of these notes are in circulation.

Mrs. Kruger Is Dead.

Mrs. Kruger, wife of former President Kruger, of the South African republic, died of pneumonia after an illness of three days. She was 67 years old. Mrs. Kruger's long separation from her husband and the death of her favorite daughter, Mrs. Smith, had completely broken her spirit.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Chief of Police Powell of Ottawa is being investigated on charges of improper conduct.

The colored citizens of Cleveland are exceedingly angry at those in charge of the coming G. A. R. national encampment. They assert that in appointing a committee of colored men at the last hour to look after the colored veterans is a clear attempt to draw the color line.

The worst storm in the history of Milwaukee county passed over Lake City Wednesday evening. For over an hour the rain fell in torrents, increasing creeks to roaring rivers, filling streets, gutters and cellars. The rain was preceded by lightning, wind and hail and considerable damage was done.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Horatio Sprague, dead in Gibraltar, was appointed consul there in 1841 and never resigned.

According to the reports of special agents the Siberian crops appear to be nearly a total failure.

Cornelius Vanderbilt has accepted commission as lieutenant in the Twelfth regiment of New York militia.

The transport Sheridan, with the Fourteenth infantry and Adj. Gen. Barry on board, sailed from Manila Friday.

The New York board of estimates adopted a resolution accepting the \$200,000 gift of Andrew Carnegie for libraries.

James J. Van Alen has gone to England to receive the decoration of the order of St. John of Jerusalem from King Edward.

An Australian fortune of \$400,000 is to be divided among the heirs of the late Josiah Tyson, residing in Georgia and Alabama.

Riceville, Minn., with a population of 800 to 1,000, was practically wiped out by fire to-day, involving a loss estimated at \$200,000.

Alfred B. Kitteridge, of Sioux Falls, has been appointed United States Senator to fill the unexpired term of J. H. Kyle, deceased.

Fifty Milwaukee machinists voluntarily went back to work at the Allouez Chalmers company, virtually putting an end to the strike there.

Andrew Carnegie has offered \$25,000 for a public library. A site has been secured and the council will provide the required land to come.

Broom corn has reached the record price of \$125 a ton, at Mattoon, Ill., where the trust and anti-trust companies are scrambling for everything in sight.

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed is accused of the parentage of the new cloth trust, just formed in New York and capitalized at \$10,000,000. Reed gets some stock.

Sultan Abdul Hamid orders that more Turkish children be permitted to attend foreign schools. He is alarmed because a Turkish girl recently graduated from Vassar.

No negotiations, say London dispatches, are now in progress between the American embassy and the British foreign office respecting the revival of an isthmian canal treaty.

An Australian fortune of \$400,000 is to be divided among 18 heirs of the late Josiah Tyson, residing in Georgia and Alabama.

A special train of five cars was hauled over the Pennsylvania road Tuesday from Pittsburgh to Chicago in 10 hours and 50 minutes. This breaks all passenger train records between the two cities.

George W. Lane, a wealthy farmer near Canton, Ill., found his wife, aged 40, dead in his house. Development show murder by strangling. The parties are prominent and the murder is a mystery.

Negaunee has recently closed three of the four national colleges, supported by the state. It is said there are enough advanced scholars among the youth of the country to fill more than one college.

The ministers of the powers at Philadelphia now freely admit that the prospect of conclusion of the negotiations is growing darker. The situation is most ominous, as the deadlock has continued for more than a month.

After three months' trial of the government in Cebu and Bohol and the province of Batangas, Luzon, contrary to those districts, owing to their complete pacification, has been returned to the military authorities.

Carlisle D. Graham has made his fifth successful journey down the rapids of Niagara river in the same boat which he used in his trip 12 years ago. He almost suffocated from heat, but confined in the barrel for 35 minutes.

The Politische Correspondenz of Vienna has published an article asserting that the Spanish government meditates proposing to the powers that they guarantee the integrity of Spain in the same way they do that of Belgium.

Francis Schlatter, the so-called "vine healer," was tried in a Washington police court Saturday as a vagrant and fined \$10 or 30 days in the workhouse. As he returned to his cell he pleaded that the workhouse authorities refrain from shearing his locks.

An insurance swindler has visited several Michigan towns recently, solicited local agents and written policies for the "National Fire Insurance Company of America." There is no such company authorized in this state or any other state, as far as can be learned.

J. A. Parker, chairman of the People's party national committee, has issued a call for a conference of Old Populists and all those who favor the amalgamation of independent reform forces into an allied third party to meet in Columbus, July 30, to place state ticket in the field.

In response to representations to the state department the British government has declined to release any of the Americans who were captured while serving in the Boer army. The only exceptions will be in the case of prisoners whose health is such as to make their confinement dangerous.

The official call of "the Bryan Democrats" of Ohio charges that the convention repudiated the last Democratic platforms, and adds: "If the Democratic party abandons its principles laid down in the platform of 1896 and 1900, then it may as well close its political career, for there is little else of importance to fight for."

The ministers of Denver, Colo., considering the advisability of organizing a vigilance committee. Although it is against the thugs that the ministers will primarily direct their efforts, the work which they propose to do at once is only preliminary to a really gigantic scheme they are contemplating for the uplifting of the community.

News has been received from Havana to the effect that the trial of Charles F. W. Neely, of Indiana, charged with the misappropriation of funds, will begin about August 1. That of Estes G. Rathbone will take place immediately thereafter.

THE KETTLE

There's many a house of grandeur,
With turret and tower and dome,
And does not prove a home,
And does not prove a home,
To crown my daily lot,
To crown my daily lot,
Where the kettle's always hot.

Things are not all ship-shape,
I do not fume or fret,
Little clean disorder
Does not my nerves upset,
Not one thing is essential,
Or seems so to my thought,
And that's a tidy kitchen,
Where the kettle's always hot.

My Aunt Hattie's household
Though skies outside are drear,
Though times are dark and troubled,
You'll always find good cheer,
In her quaint old kitchen—
The very homiest spot—
The kettle's always singing,
The water's always hot.

And if you have a headache,
Whatever the hour may be,
There is no tedious waiting
To get your cup of tea,
Don't know how she does it—
Some magic she has caught—
The kitchen's cool in summer,
Yet the kettle's always hot.

There's naught else so dreary
In household kingdom found,
As cold and sullen kettle,
That does not make a sound,
And I think that love is lacking
In the hearts in such a spot,
The kettle would be singing
And the water would be hot.

Germination of a Love Affair.

BY GUION P. WILSON.
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I have just come to a knowledge of certain facts which I deem it my imperative duty to make public for two reasons—first, because they clear up the mystery of the disappearance of my friend, Professor X. (whose many friends will, after perusing what is here set down, easily recognize him without the mention of his name, which, made in so public a manner, would, I know, be highly offensive to him), and, second, because I hope they will cause some other scientist of prominence to follow up the unique and, I conceive, eminently important line of investigation initiated by Professor X.

I say that I have just come to a knowledge of these facts. This is the exact truth, although the said facts have been in my possession for the past three months. To be plain, just before the Professor disappeared so completely I received through the mail a note from him with a sealed enclosure which his note requested me to open and read three months after I received it. This I have just done. The enclosure I found to be the Professor's notes upon the progress of a remarkable and unusual series of experiments founded upon the germ theory. In this connection I wish to say that while, in common with his other friends, I of course knew of the Professor's keen interest in this theory, I had had not the slightest hint that he had struck out so boldly in the field of original research.

So radical has been the Professor's



Something has gone wrong.

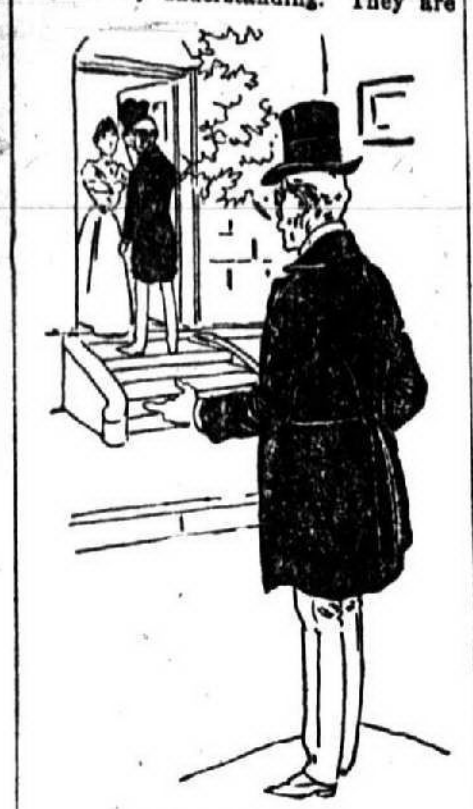
Departure in these experiments from the beaten track that I have thought best to give an almost exact reproduction of the notes in my possession, merely editing them and eliminating as far as possible, the phraseology of the scientist that would be in large measure unintelligible to the layman. I give the notes in the order in which they appear in the book containing them. They were evidently jotted down at different times, but none are dated, though the last was manifestly written immediately before the Professor dropped out of sight.

"I am fascinated. For some time I have been studying those two strongest of human passions—love and hate—and their origin. They are interesting to the investigator if for no other reason than that they are all accepted rules at defiance. Instances are plenty and the manifestation of love where the

opposite should, according to the so-called laws of nature, appear. The papers recently noted that a large and venomous snake had killed a setting hen and then carefully hatched and reared her chicks. The killing of their own offspring by animals of many kinds is common. The sentiments of parents toward their children and vice versa are all too often at variance with the rule. How are these facts to be accounted for?"

"As far back as we can trace, love and hate have been known as common consent as matters of the heart. Such things very often have a foundation in fact—why may not this have? And if there is any real connection, may it not, since the heart is merely the force pump of the blood, lie in the life fluid itself? And, this granted, might we not go a step further and imagine that there exist germs of the two master passions?"

Here follow numerous entries of so technical a nature that they are quite beyond my understanding. They are



I saw J. enter.

evidently notes of the succeeding steps in a very lengthy series of experiments. However interesting they may prove hereafter to a scientist, they need not be inserted here. The latter notes, however, tell of a successful outcome.

"I verily believe that I have at last succeeded in isolating the germs of love and hate!" Then is set forth at length the scientific descriptions of these germs, the number of which present in any case, according to the Professor, governs the degree of the sentiment. The notes continue:

"Given a culture of the germ of love in the blood of one animal and another animal inoculated with that culture, the animal so inoculated will love the one whose blood furnished the culture medium. The same is true of the germ of hate. I believe that I have eliminated every possibility of error, but I shall, of course, put my conclusions to further tests."

"A cat in a cage at my elbow is nursing carefully a litter of tiny mice, orphaned by tabby herself. She ate their mother. I have a hawk rearing a brood of chickens. Her motherly affection for them is touching and pronounced. Two dogs, brothers and hitherto the best of friends and merriest of playmates, have, in the past few days, become the bitterest of snarling, snapping enemies. Certainly there seems no doubt of the effectiveness of either serum as applied to animals. How would it affect the human beings?"

"The last lingering doubt is removed! Circumstances made it possible for me to secure a small quantity of the blood of Miss M. (in this, as in all other instances, the names are suppressed for reasons even more obvious than in the case of the Professor himself) in which I made a culture of the microbe of love. With this I inoculated myself, and now, impossible as it would seem to my friends, I find myself madly in love with her. I might counteract this by an inoculation of the opposite germ, but I cannot bring myself to do it. Evidently I am very, very much in love!"

"I have made a horrible discovery. Miss M. does not—and says she can never—love me! Further, though she also says that she will never marry, I am convinced that J. loves her almost as madly as I do! And he has youth, wit, fortune, comeliness—every attribute that could attract a woman—while I—"

"Why should I hesitate? I might, it is true, cease to love her, but I could never forget that I had loved. Fate—it can have been nothing else—has placed in my hands a sufficient quantity of J.'s blood for my purpose and with it I have made a culture of the microbe of dislike, while with my own heart's blood I am preparing the serum of affection. Heaven send an early opportunity to inoculate my darling with them both! I have been under a terrible mental strain and am physically scarcely able to handle my tubes."

"The opportunity has come! I have applied both the preparations to my darling liberally—lavishly! Unless my science is at fault I shall shortly be a happy man. Poor J. I feel genuinely sorry for him, yet I cannot reproach myself."

"Something has gone wrong. I called upon Miss M. tonight and she received most frigidly. Indeed, she intimated rather broadly that she expected another guest. Of course, I took the hint and left. From across the street I saw J. enter!"

"Gracious Heaven, what a blunder! I have convinced myself of the cause of it all. In preparing the two cultures with which to inoculate Miss M. in some inexplicable manner I got my own unfortunate inoculation. I leave to the investigator if for no other reason than that they are all accepted rules at defiance. Instances are plenty and the manifestation of love where the

THE HOTTEST WAVE OF ALL

All Former Records Are Broken at Chicago.

WHOLE WEST IS SUFFERING.

Dubuque, Davenport, St. Louis and Springfield Report 100 Degrees—Kansas City and Omaha 104 Each—Little Hope of Relief from Torrid Weather

Chicago, July 23.—One hundred and three degrees on the Auditorium tower yesterday and 106 on the street below. Chicago never before in its history felt such a day and weather records for thirty years went by the board, gasping, baking, perspiring, wondering citizens stood aghast at the altitude attained by the silvery indicators in the toiling thermometers, and took off their hats to every stray puff of breeze, only to find their discomfort increased. For the wind that blew at intervals was like the wind from the portals of a desert—dry, heated to an unbearable degree by the scorching plains over which it had passed and bringing with it no vestige of relief. Metal articles picked up in the hand burned as if taken from a lava bed and even wood and paper were distinctively warm to the touch, though beyond the reach of the sun. Twice did the official mercury in the eyrie on the Auditorium touch 103—once at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and again three hours later. So much for Chicago. In the west, the heat swept, parching west, and that section between here and the Rockies, which for nearly two weeks has had no respite from the rays of the sun, and where the corn crop is almost entirely ruined, 106 was registered in four places, and less than 100 was a rarity. The localities which were recipients of more heat than Chicago are St. Louis, Springfield, Ill., Dubuque and Davenport, Iowa, where it was 108, and Kansas City and Omaha, which experienced 104 each. No hopes held out by the weather forecasters. They can see no signs of rain clouds gathering anywhere above the stricken section. They cannot account for the long continued drought, the blistering winds and the record-breaking temperatures. No seer is venturesome enough to risk his reputation by saying when the fiery wave will be broken.

Heat Warps Car Rails.

Before the heat was at its worst the Lake Street Elevated Railroad company, Chicago, was in trouble. The rails on the surface section of the line between Oak Park and Sixty-first avenues were warped by the burning rays, and in some places the rails spread as much as eighteen inches. "It was a most unusual thing," said Superintendent Frank Hedley, "but we must expect unusual things in an unusual day. The damage was quickly repaired, and at no time extended to the elevated portion of our line. The intense heat expanded the rails to a point that was not calculated on when the track was laid."

West Is Burning Up.

"The west is literally burning up," said a Chicago business man who returned last night from a ten-day trip through Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado. There is a water famine in many cities and towns as well as the country. It is one of the most severe droughts ever known in many of those states. Unless there is relief in the next forty-eight hours conditions will be deplorable. The mayors of Kansas City and Denver have appealed to the residents of those places to be careful of the supply of water, and predicted a water famine unless great care is exercised. It is feared that the supply would be exhausted should a big fire break out. The corn is about knee high, and is dried up. Little of it can be saved. Farmers are cutting it for fodder for their horses and cattle. Much of the work is being done at night by the light of lanterns, it being too warm for work in the daytime.

THE OBITUARY RECORD.

Actress Lillian Green Dead.
New York, July 23.—Lillian Green, the actress, who was removed to Roosevelt hospital a few days ago suffering from typhoid fever, is dead. Theater-goers remember her best for her recent work in "King Dodo." Miss Green was formerly a roof garden favorite in New York. She left the stage to become the wife of Charles Flamen Adee, millionaire and commodore of the Columbia yacht club. She was granted an absolute divorce on Jan. 10 last, when she returned to the stage.

Mr. Kruger's Wife Is Dead.
Paris, July 23.—A dispatch from Brussels says former President Kruger has been notified by cable that his wife died at Pretoria.

Shipbuilder Henderson Dead.
Glasgow, July 23.—John Henderson, the well known shipbuilder of this city, is dead.

Young Wife Kills Himself.
La Porte, Ind., July 23.—Mrs. Alice Smith, aged 24, committed suicide by taking Paris green. She died in insane agony. Dependency, resulting from domestic trouble was the cause. The coroner is investigating the case and sensational developments may be brought to light.

Epworth League Convention at San Francisco held sessions at the pavilion and at the Alhambra Theater. Many addresses made.

Shot His Friend.

Morton Starr Cressey, a Harvard law school student, who is spending the summer in Battleboro, Vt., awoke early Friday morning in the grasp of a man, and struggled until free, when, snatching a revolver from the bureau, he fired four shots at his assailant. On lighting his lamp he was horrified to find that he had shot his friend and classmate, Sidney Bristol, of Battle Creek, Mich., who came Thursday as a canvasser, and was invited by Cressey to stay over night at the house of his grandmother, Mrs. P. Starr. Bristol lived only long enough to gasp: "You have shot your friend." It is believed that Bristol, while in a nightmare, took hold of Cressey. Cressey said that he thought he was being attacked by a burglar, and fired as soon as he was free. The young men were each about 24 years of age. They graduated from Yale in 1900, and entered the Harvard law school last fall.

Criminal Carelessness.

W. W. Chamberlain, of Pontiac, died in New Orleans Tuesday of sunstroke, under circumstances indicating criminal negligence or ignorance on the part of the authorities of that city. Chamberlain had recently returned from Bluefields, Nicaragua, and it transpired that he was about to take the train for home Monday evening, when Patrolman Deverly saw him fall unconscious on the walk in front of the station. Thinking him drunk, the officer summoned the patrol wagon, which took him to the station, where he was locked up in a cell. Chamberlain's condition was discovered in the morning, and he was sent to the Charity hospital, but it was too late to save his life.

Chamberlain was about 40 years old and by trade a blacksmith and painter. He went south for his health, and arrived in New Orleans penniless about July 1. His wife had sent him money to come home with, and he had purchased a ticket, which was found in his pocket.

Enormous Capital.

J. Pierpont Morgan made another coup. By increasing the capital of the First National bank from half a million to ten millions and doubling its surplus, from five to ten millions, he made it the largest bank, as the Rockefeller bank, the City National, has only \$10,000,000 capital and \$6,000,000 surplus. Morgan's other bank, the National Bank of Commerce, has \$10,000,000 capital and a trifle less than \$7,000,000 surplus. The Chase-National and Astor National are Morgan allies, adding another \$4,000,000 capital and surplus. The combined deposits of all these Morgan banks are \$170,000,000. The City National, Rockefeller's bank, has \$121,000,000 in deposits.

Second-Class Postage.

Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden has secured the postmaster general's signature to three important postal rules. The first excludes from the second-class periodicals having the nature of books. The second bars premium publications, which do not make sales in literary merit. The third excludes unsold periodical matter from the second class. These reforms will save the government much money, and may, it is thought, make penny postage a probability in the near future.

BASE BALL.

Below we publish the standing of the American and National league clubs up to and including the games played on Monday, July 22:

AMERICAN LEAGUE			
	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	48	28	.632
Boston	41	37	.520
Baltimore	38	33	.539
Detroit	31	31	.500
Philadelphia	31	31	.500
Cleveland	29	41	.414
St. Louis	25	51	.329

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	44	31	.589
St. Louis	44	31	.589
Philadelphia	40	33	.548
Brooklyn	40	33	.548
New York	33	34	.493
Boston	31	37	.457
Cincinnati	32	41	.438
Cards	29	53	.354

THE MARKETS.

The supply of good cattle in the Detroit market has been light, prices ranging from \$2.75 for cows to \$4.25 and \$4.50 for steers. Sheep sold for \$2.75 to \$3.25 and lambs \$4.40 to \$5. Hogs weighing 200 and over sold for an average of \$5.35.

The New York market prices range for steers from \$1.25 to \$4.50, cows \$2.40 to \$4.50, hogs \$2.40 to \$5.35, sheep \$3.50 to \$4.50.

Chicago prices for prime steers \$5.40 to \$6.10, medium \$4.25 to \$5.25; hogs \$5.75 to \$6.12 1/2; sheep \$3.50 to \$4.70, lambs \$3.25 to \$5. Buffalo market dull, western steers \$3.50 to \$4.25, choice natives \$4.25 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.10 for natives, roughs \$4.40 to \$5.50; sheep mixed \$1 to \$4.25.

Pittsburgh shows \$5.50 to \$5.70 for prime cattle, good grass stock \$4.40 to \$4.75; hogs, \$4 to \$5.10 are ruling prices; sheep, according to quality, \$3.25 to \$4.40.

Cincinnati, choice heavy steers \$5.25 to \$5.40, fair to good \$4.50 to \$5.15; hogs, \$5.75 to \$5.95; sheep, extra \$3.55 to \$3.75, fair \$2 to \$2.75, lambs \$3.50 to \$5.55, according to quality.

GRAIN, ETC.

Wheat sold in Detroit in car lots at 80c, closing at 79c for No. 2 red. Some lots for September sold at 79 1/2c. Corn—Cash No. 2, 51 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 52c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 52c. Oats—Cash No. 2, 35c; August, 35c; September, 35 1/2c; No. 3 white, 37 1/2c bid.

Chicago records cash sales as follows: Wheat—No. 2 red, 67 1/2c; No. 2, 67 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, same. Oats—No. 2, 35 1/2c; No. 2 white, 37 1/2c.

New York prices: Wheat—No. 2, 77 1/2c; No. 2, 78 1/2c; No. 2 white, 80 1/2c; No. 2, 80 1/2c; No. 2 at elevator and 87 1/2c spot.

Toledo: Wheat—87 1/2c for July; 79 1/2c for December. Corn—Cash, 50c; September, 51 1/2c; Oats—37 1/2c; September 35 1/2c.

St. Louis: The market is stronger and active. Baled wool has been chiefly in demand though fleeces have sold at full prices.

HAY—Car lot prices, track Detroit: Wheat, No. 1 timothy, \$11.30 to \$12.00; No. 2, \$10.50 to \$11.00; clover mixed, \$10; wheat and oat straw, \$5.00; rye straw, \$4.00 to \$5.00 per ton.

Schley's Courage.

Amateur alleged statements that Admiral Schley was cowardly. Secretary Long says: "I advised the president to court-martial Schley for turning back at Santiago. I asked the senate to investigate. It was the bitterest day of the whole history of the war when Schley disobeyed orders."

Bryan advises that the next Democratic nominee for president come from the south.

SEE LAKE STEAMER BURN

Witnesses Fear All Aboard Perished in Storm.

BOAT STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Disaster of Great Proportions Feared in Green Bay—Menominee Sinks Tag to Rescue, but Blazing Craft Sinks—Lightkeeper Sends Report

Menominee, Mich., July 23.—Within plain sight of Menominee out too far away for human aid to be extended in time, a lake vessel burned to the water's edge and sank early in the morning. All on board the ill-fated craft perished, it is supposed, but whether from flames or in the waves of Green Bay is unknown. A severe electrical storm was raging and the boat was struck by lightning. The number of those whose lives were lost is a mystery. It is feared, however, that many persons met death, for though the identity of the vessel could not be established it is believed that a large steamer was destroyed. The craft, however, may have been a lumber vessel from Chicago or Milwaukee. All Menominee's shipping interests were aroused and alarmed at 4:30 a. m. by the report that came from Government Light Keeper Young. This report announced that a ship was on fire in Green Bay about seven miles southeast of Green Island. There was a scurrying to the water front and a simultaneous rush for a tug to go to the rescue. Through the brightening dawn the blaze of the roaring flames on the fated vessel was plainly perceptible. Dense clouds of smoke, too, rose above the tongues of fire and curled away in the strong wind. Now it appeared as if the yellow streaks were climbing up tall masts and again they seemed to be creeping over gigantic framework as though consuming the cabin of a big steamer. Straining eyes at times perceived, or the excited watchers thought so at least, vague forms of living beings moving upon the blazing craft. This was probably the result of overwrought imagination, for the vessel was too far off for such a sight, even had the truth been known. But steadily the volume of flame and smoke increased. Excitement grew almost to frenzy among those who looked on helplessly while the authorities were doing their utmost to send speedy aid to sea. The alarm spread across the Menominee river to Marinette, Wis., and caused excitement there among those especially whose friends were absent on lake trips. Despite the early morning hour the dock was crowded when the fire tug Menominee steamed out into the bay to succor the imperiled craft. Slowly the people saw the flames go down. The fireboat was sent ahead at all possible speed. Before it reached the scene the blazing boat went down and out of sight.

Three Lives Lost in Lake.

Chicago, July 23.—Three lives lost in the waters of the lake is the record of the day. The dead are: Arthur Deasey, 19 years old, drowned at Sixty-seventh street beach and body recovered. The dead man's home is in Waukegan. Louis Montgomery, 25 years old, living in Chicago; drowned at foot of Diversey boulevard and body recovered. William Reitz, 2-year-old son of George Reitz, drowned in Lake Calumet in overturning of a boat in which he and his father were riding; body recovered.

German Tug in Collision.

Flushing, L. I., July 23.—The North German Lloyd steamer Welmar, Captain Forbes, which left Antwerp today for Adelaide and other Australian ports, by way of Southampton, Genoa and Naples, came into collision with the German steamer Caesar, from Ibrail and Galatz, inward bound for Antwerp. Both vessels were damaged. The Caesar was beached at Weilingen, near Flushing.

Steamer Strikes Rowboat.

Pewaukee, Wis., July 23.—At 6:30 p. m. the steamer Waukegan ran down a rowboat containing three Milwaukeeans. Two of the occupants escaped by clinging to the steamer. The third man, Paul Brown, was thrown into the water and sank immediately, and though every effort was made to rescue him he was drowned. The body has not been recovered.

Faith Healer Is Arrested.

Aurora, Ill., July 23.—Dr. William Whitehead, Aurora's divine healer, was arrested by United States Deputy Marshal Gus Voss of Oswego for violating the postal laws and was taken to Chicago to answer the charge. Dr. Whitehead's offense does not seem to have been so very serious except from a legal point of view. He called one of his correspondents a hypocrite on a postal card. The offended recipient promptly called the attention of the postal authorities to the matter and the arrest followed. On investigation Dr. Whitehead acknowledged writing the card. He came to Aurora several years ago and conducted a faith home on Claim street.

Delays Ferry Relief Ship.

St. John's, N. F., July 23.—The mail steamer Home, which has arrived here from Labrador, reports that the coast is blockaded with ice floes, especially the northern part, where the floes are impenetrable. This will greatly delay the ferry relief steamer Erik, which counted upon calling at Turnavick, northern Labrador, and landing her last mail before entering the arctic circle. The Home had to abandon the attempt to reach her terminus in consequence of the ice.

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BY O. T. HOOVER.

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LIMA.

The Lima Epworth League will have an ice cream social Wednesday afternoon and evening, July 31st on Irving Storms' lawn. Every one is invited to attend.

FREEDOM.

Little Luella Keobbe is reported very ill with brain fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kress of Chelsea spent Sunday with Paul Kress.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schiller of Lima spent Sunday with Mr. Schiller's mother.

Miss Cora Reno, who has been at Jackson for some time returned home Thursday.

Miss Martha Kusterer of Sharon is spending this week with Miss Bertha Breitenweiser.

Miss Clara Feldkamp is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. L. Burkhardt of Chelsea this week.

WATERLOO.

S. A. Collins is under the doctor's care.

Mrs. H. S. Cooper has been very ill for the past week.

Mrs. Jessie Miers of Ovid is visiting her mother, Mrs. Nettie Foster.

B. J. Howlett of Ann Arbor is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Howlett.

Rev. A. T. Camburn has returned from his visit at Adrian and Ann Arbor.

Jacob Emmel has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to walk to the mill.

Martin Strauss spent the last of the week in Detroit returning home Tuesday, his mother coming home with him.

UNADILLA.

Mrs. Johnson is visiting relatives in South Lyons.

Mrs. Phil McKinder and daughter of Toledo, O., are visiting at James McKinder's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Marshall and family of Stockbridge visited at this place Monday.

Mrs. Maggie May and children of Belaire are visiting her mother, Mrs. Ellen Marshall.

Cecil and Lloyd Rainey of Mansfield, O., are spending a few weeks with their grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. DuBois.

Mrs. Alex. Pyper and Miss Gertrude Mills were the guests of Mrs. J. D. Watson of Chelsea one day last week.

The Unadilla Farmers' Club that was to meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Marshall of Lyndon last Saturday, was postponed until next Saturday, July 27th.

SYLVAN.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fisk were Jackson visitors Thursday.

Jacob Kern and family were Grass Lake visitors last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Louz of Jackson spent Sunday with Mrs. James Young.

Mrs. Hepthner of Ann Arbor spent a part of last week with Mrs. Mary Merker.

The Misses Myrtle Gage and Lizzie Henschwerdt were Chelsea visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman West of Williamston are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

James Riggs of Detroit is spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Eisenbeler.

Mrs. Chris Forner, Jr. of Lima spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Knoll.

Miss Blanch Hagen of Detroit is the guest of her cousins, the Misses Alice and Mary Heim.

Miss Cora Zick and Edward Fisk of Fishville spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Fisk.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Kenney and children of Ann Arbor are spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Drake.

SHARON.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Kimball and family spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Hewes.

Thrashing has begun in this vicinity. Lewis Rhoades of Grass Lake spent Sunday here.

Ralph O'Neil of Toledo is visiting his Sharon friends.

Miss Christine Overmire visited in Manchester Sunday.

Mrs. VanArnum is spending a few days in Grass Lake.

Freid Houck of Manchester spent Sunday at Mrs. Fletcher's.

The Ladies' Literary Society will meet with Mrs. Holden today.

The social at Wm. Kulenkamp's was well attended and netted \$17.60.

M. Lehman of Chelsea was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fish, Tuesday.

A large number of people from here attended Gala Day at Grass Lake, Wednesday.

Mrs. Frank of Manchester visited her brother, Henry Wolfe the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Merriman were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. L. B. Lawrence, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Cooper of Detroit spent part of last week at the home of Alden Cooper.

Mr. and Mrs. August Dietz of Williamston have been visiting at Elmer Raymond's the past week.

The M. E. Evangelical church at Rowe's Corners will hold its annual convention the three last days of this week.

FRANCISCO.

Several from here took in the excursion to Detroit Sunday.

Miss Emma Forner of Sylvan is spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. Manford Hoppe.

Miss Edna Notten of Chelsea and Mabel Notten of Grass Lake spent Sunday with their parents.

The Revs. J. Oren and P. Wuefel of Detroit are spending a few days with Rev. L. S. Katterhenry.

The Francisco Cornet Band expect to furnish music for the Gleaner picnic at Clear Lake August 10th.

Mrs. E. J. Musbach and three children and Miss Luella Croman spent a few days with J. J. Musbach and family.

The German Lutheran church will hold an ice cream social Saturday evening, July 27th. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Walz and sons of Root's Station, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lehman and family of Waterloo were the guests of J. J. Musbach Sunday.

The German M. E. Sunday-school will hold their annual picnic at Cavanaugh Lake on Thursday, August 8th. Everybody is kindly invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller and family, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Notten, Mr. and Mrs. Milo Hatt, Mrs. Geo. Ortring and children and Leonard Hatt spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Otis Haven of Grass Lake.

FIREMEN DISCOUNT SOLDIERS.

There is a Paid Force of 65,000 and 100,000 Volunteers in the United States.

There are more firemen in the United States than there are soldiers in Uncle Sam's army, says the New York Sun.

In New York city, for fire purposes, the two boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, with 1,400 firemen, are joined. The two boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens, with 1,000 paid and 2,000 volunteer firemen, are joined, and Richmond, with 1,700 firemen, is separately organized. There are therefore in this city 6,100 firemen, paid and unpaid.

There are 1,200 firemen in Chicago, 900 in Philadelphia, 700 in Boston, 400 in Baltimore, 500 in Buffalo, 480 in Detroit, 500 in St. Louis, 400 in Pittsburgh, 430 in San Francisco, 300 in New Orleans and 250 in Washington.

In the whole country there are 65,000 paid firemen, and the number of volunteer firemen varies from 100,000 to 150,000.

There is a saying among firemen that three volunteers are equivalent only to one regular, so great is the value of training and discipline. Thus a city like Wilmington, Del., with a population of 76,000, has more volunteer firemen than Philadelphia, with a population of 1,300,000, which has paid firemen.

Fat lady—Don't sleep too much; exercise; don't eat fats and sweets. To reduce flesh rapidly take Rocky Mountain Tea. Acts directly on the fatty tissues. 35c. Glazier & Stimson.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured which is always kept on hand at the home of ye scribe. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by all druggists.

STEAMBOAT IN THE WOODS.

Kansas Man's Story of a Captain Who Cut Through the Timber During a June Rise.

"Did you ever notice?" asked an observing man, according to the Chicago Tribune, "that when an unusual event occurs anywhere there is always somebody who is reminded of an event which overshadows the news of the day? I met a Kansas man today, who, after he had talked about the great calamity in Texas, told me that it was 'nearly as bad as one of the June rises of the Missouri river.' 'Then he went on to tell me some of the experiences which Kansas and Missouri farmers had in consequence of great overflows that often changed the boundary lines of counties, and two states. In one case a Kansas town by reason of the shift of the channel of the river found itself in Missouri. But his capshaft story was that of an old steamboatman who, during one of the rises of which he spoke, cut across a field in Kansas with his boat, hoping thereby to make time. The water was high and swift in the forests, and the steamboatman took the wheel and steered his craft right through the woods and across fields. He concluded to tie up to one of the big trees during the night and resume his voyage on the following morning. But lo! when the morning came the waters had abated considerably, so that the steamer was stuck in the mud. The waters continued to abate, and by the second night there wasn't enough to drink. The river gradually resumed its old channel, according to the Kansas man, and the boat was finally left there, right in the woods. The boat was dismantled of most of its furnishings, but there were the outlines of a boat just the same. A farmer lived in the craft one winter, and in the following spring the boat became the abode of crows and other things. The moss gathered about the hull, the smokestacks rusted away, and at last there was a crash in the stillness of the forest, and the only dry land steamboat in Kansas, or anywhere, fell to pieces."

REJECTED TWENTY-ONE TIMES

Manuscript of "Helen's Babies" Received Very Poor Treatment Before Final Acceptance.

The manuscripts of various successful books have been declined by publishers before finally reaching a resting place; but when one considers the natural fallibility of judgment regarding the matter of popular taste and liking, it is really not extraordinary that new writers should quite often make a success in one publisher's hands even although others have hesitated to make the venture.

A short time ago a young author whose book had just been accepted was talking to his publisher, and Mr. John Habberton, the genial author of "Helen's Babies," happened to be present, says the Literary Era. The publisher finally turned to the young writer, saying: "Your book has one great element of weakness, which, however, I hope may not be fatal."

"What is that?" replied the startled youth, with almost a gasp of consternation. "Well, it has been rejected by enough publishers; it takes at least four or five rejections to make a phenomenally successful book."

The puzzled look of dismay on the young man's face gave way to a smile as his critic turned to the veteran author at his side and asked: "Wasn't that the case with 'Helen's Babies'?"

Mr. Habberton, with the courtly bow which his friends know so well, and which is only one of his many charms, promptly responded: "It was rejected 21 times!"

WOMEN LIGHTHOUSE KEEPERS

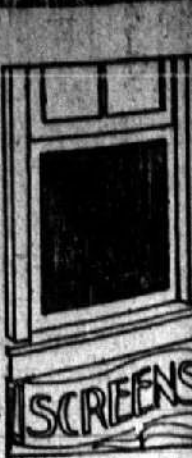
An Occupation for Which the Gentler Sex is Eminently Adapted.

Keeping a lighthouse is essentially womanly work. A well regulated woman takes pride in bright, well-kept things and orderly surroundings. Her heart leaps up when she beholds the perfection of Heaven's first law, says Mary Nimmo Balentine, in Woman's Home Companion.

The orderly woman can have a programme of work for the week just like any other housekeeper, although keeping a lighthouse is not light housekeeping, by any manner of means. In some lighthouses days are set aside for sewing, for burnishing the lamps, for reading and writing, some of the keepers having an extensive correspondence; and, if you please, there are reception days, for a rule of the board enjoins the keepers to show the light and the station to sightseers. Lighthouse life cannot be dull to a lover of such responsive friends as books and music. And so the identity of the tall, grim light tower is lost in the home under the woeful influence of the social and domestic atmosphere of the woman behind the lamp.

World's Biggest Bass Horn.

Pennsylvania possesses the biggest bass horn in the world. It is in the town of Williamsport. Frank Byers, of that town, is the only man who can blow it. The horn is over six feet tall and its great bell is more than three feet in width. Not one musician in a hundred can produce any tone upon it, much less extract music from its cavernous depths. Byers was formerly a tailor. With the great horn he can execute the most difficult composition with all the facility of a man playing a cornet.



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are the cause of this mutual satisfaction. Our efforts are directed toward the pleasing of our customers. Serving them with delicious, tender and toothsome meats is our successful way of doing it.

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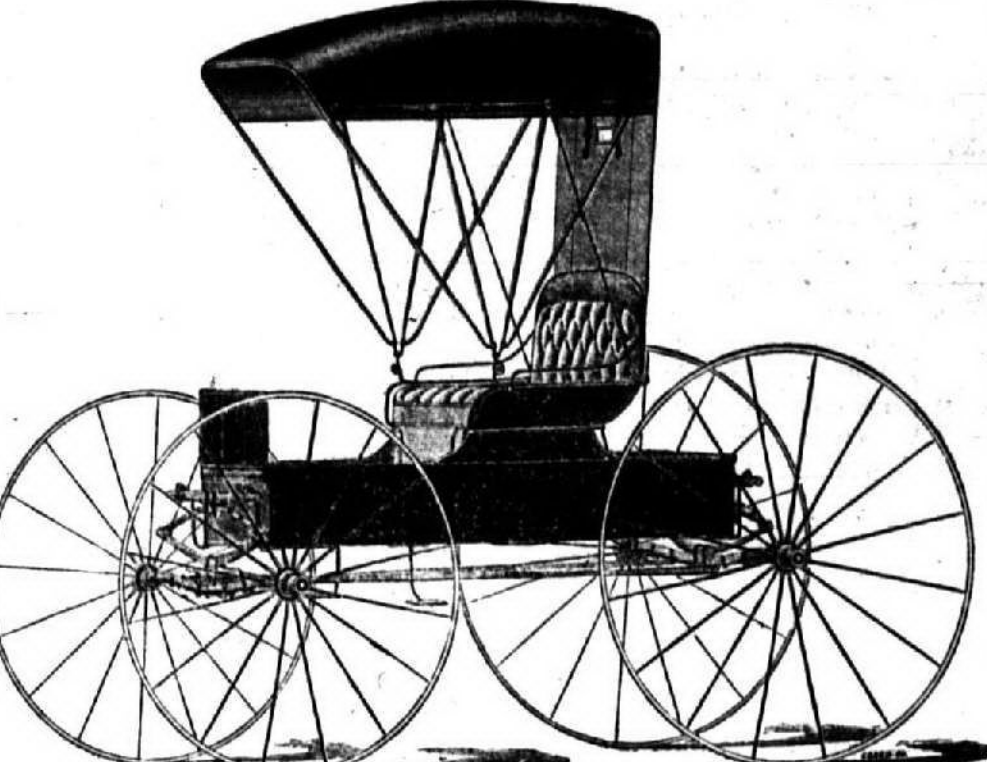
We have on hand a large quantity of strictly pure kettle rendered lard of own rendering and can supply you with all you want at the right price.

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SHE DIDN'T WEAR A MASK.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches, pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as will all eruptions, fever sores, boils, ulcers, carbuncles and felonies from its use. Infallible for cuts, corns, burns, scalds and piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c at Glazier & Stimson's.

Try The Standard's Want Column.



Take a look at this picture and study it. Do you see what a fine picture of a Buggy it is? But good as it is it does not do justice to the fine Buggies and Surrys I have on hand. They should be seen to be appreciated. I have the finest and largest line of vehicles ever brought to Chelsea to select from and my prices defy competition. Call and look them over before purchasing.

C. STEINBACH

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Owens and offers in amounts suitable for the investment of small savings or large sums.

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In 200 mark, 500 mark and 1,000 mark Bonds. Interest payable April 1st and October 1st each year. Interest coupons cashed at CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK. The above investment yields 4 per cent interest, while the U. S. Bonds yield less than 2 per cent. These Bonds are appreciated by our German friends in view of the obnoxious tax law applying to real estate mortgages, rendering it more and more difficult to place money on farm mortgage loans within the state of Michigan which will pay more than 2 1/2 to 3 per cent after deducting taxes.

This Bank pays 3 per cent interest on moneys deposited with it according to its rules.

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A POOR MILLIONAIRE.

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, and digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Glazier & Stimson's druggist.

The piles that annoy you so will quickly and permanently be healed by use of DeWitt's Which Hazel Salve. It is a sure cure of hemorrhoids, piles, and all other ailments of the rectum. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by Glazier & Stimson's druggist.

ANNUAL MID-SUMMER CLEARING SALE!

YOU KNOW WHEN WE SAY THIS THAT IT MEANS SOMETHING.

Prices in every Department will be slaughtered until everything in Summer Goods is CLOSED OUT.

Goods all new, fresh and clean, but go they must. Dry Goods Cheap. Clothing Cheap. Furnishing Goods Cheap.

ALL STRAW HATS 1-4 OFF.

All \$1.00 Straw Hats at 75 cents. All 75 cent Straw Hats at 56 cents. All 50 cent Straw Hats at 38 cents. All 25 cent Straw Hats at 19 cents.

Every Hat in the stock is new and the correct shape, and at the original price is a from 25 to 50 per cent lower than other dealers are charging, and at our regular prices are genuine bargains, yet we shall sell every Straw Hat in our stock at ONE QUARTER OFF.

Our Great Shoe Sale will continue for a few days longer, and if you will call at our store you will find more genuine Shoe bargains than have ever before been offered in Chelsea. Come and Look.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Thomas Sears is seriously ill.

W. G. Kempf has moved his family to Milwaukee.

Mrs. L. Glover is building a house on Park street.

A. W. Chapman caught a 4½ pound bass at North Lake Friday.

Philip Broesamle found a curiosity on his farm last week in the shape of a number of apple blossoms.

New cement walks have been put down in front of the buildings occupied by J. F. Shaver and Lewis Emmer.

Rev. J. I. Nickerson received a telegram Saturday announcing the drowning of a niece near West Branch.

The choir of the Baptist church will give a song service Sunday from 11 until 12 o'clock. Sunday-school at 12.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Shaver and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Millsap are spending this week camping at Long Lake.

A party of four Chelsea boys have been camping in a tent in the grove on the north shore of Cavanaugh Lake the past week.

During the last quarter the bill of the Eastern Asylum at Pontiac against Washenaw county was \$142.62 for five patients.

The ball game Friday afternoon between the east and west sides of Main street resulted in a victory for the west by the score of 17 to 8.

There were fifty-one deaths in Washenaw county during the month of June, three of which were in Chelsea, one in Byron, two in Dexter, and two in Freedom.

Henry L. Everett, son of Mrs. Frank Everett, left last Wednesday for the Philippines, where he will teach in the government schools. He is a graduate of the Ann Arbor high school and the State normal, and for the past year has been attending the U. of M.

Mr. S. O. Hadley passed away at 8 a. m. Thursday at the home of his daughter after a long illness resulting in a complication of lung trouble. Old age made his sickness fatal. He was in his 89th year. Mr. Hadley had many friends in four counties. His sincere Christian character was unchallenged. —Stockbridge Sun.

Every property owner is interested in insurance rates. It will, therefore, be of peculiar interest to them to know that the state insurance trust has ordered a 10 per cent raise in all rates, excepting risks on dwellings, homes, churches, court houses and brick and stone risks. All stocks of goods and special hazards will be raised under this order.

A. W. Jewett, commissioner of the Pan-American horticultural exhibit, requests that farmers of this state send specimens of fruit to the Michigan horticultural exhibit at Buffalo exposition. Care should be taken to pack fruit in good strong baskets or crates before too ripe, with the different varieties marked, and the name and address of the sender on the package. No correspondence is necessary, as the proper credit and award, if any, will be given to the persons sending the specimens. The commissioner will reimburse any one for the expense of gathering the fruit. This county, having always boasted of the excellent quality of its fruit, now has a good chance to produce the goods.

Regular meeting of Eastern Star, Wednesday evening, July 31st.

N. E. Jones was called to Essex Center, Ont., today by the death of his mother.

A large number from this place went to Manchester today to attend the Macabee day exercises.

The children of S. O. Hadley desire to thank neighbors and friends for their kindness during the illness and death and burial of their father, also for the flowers, for they help in a measure to lighten their grief.

Johnson and Henderson, who were arrested at Jackson for the burglaries committed here a couple of weeks ago, were brought before Justice Parker Tuesday for examination, and were sent back to jail to await trial at the October term of court.

We request all patrons and friends of The Standard who have business at the probate office, to request Judge Watkins to send all legal notices to The Standard to be printed therein. We shall appreciate the favor and the Judge will be pleased to grant your request.

Postmaster General Smith has decided to debar from second-class mail privileges a large class of periodical publications which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for circulation. The reform will be ordered this week by a modification of the postal regulations under existing laws. It is thought it will also cut off serial books which have been securing admission as second class.

Every reader of Ernest Seton-Thompson's graphic animal stories retains a deep impression of the author's profound mastery of woodlore. The wonder is how he accumulated such a never-failing fund of it. Some interesting information about how he lives in camp and works "in the open" is given in an illustrated article, "With Seton Thompson in the Woods," which The Ladies' Home Journal will soon publish.

One bright friend came in the other day, says an exchange, with what he thought was a conundrum: "Why is a newspaper like a woman?" The various answers given were: "Because it has to have some one to run it." "Because both have to be known to be appreciated." "Because both are good advertising mediums." "Because both have to be pressed." "B cause it sometimes changes its dress and tells tales." The correct answer is: "Because every man should have one of his own, and not be running after his neighbor's." Now is the time to subscribe.

We shall not vouch for its being true that Chelsea has a larger farmer trade than Ann Arbor has, but certain it is that more than one of Ann Arbor's merchants believe that the neighboring village is securing more than its share of the country business. If Chelsea merchants are securing this trade because of their bustling or because of extra inducements offered they are entitled to it. If Ann Arbor wants the trade it must go after it. —Times. The farmer trade comes to Chelsea, and as soon as the electric roads are completed, Ann Arbor's citizens will be doing their trading here also.

IT DAZZLES THE WORLD. No Discovery in Medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, pneumonia, hemorrhage, pleurisy and bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For coughs, colds, asthma, croup, hay fever, hoarseness and whooping cough it is the quickest surest cure in the world. It is sold by Glaxie & Stimson who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

PERSONAL.

M. J. Noyes was an Ann Arbor visitor Tuesday.

Chas. Burton is visiting his parents at St. Louis.

Warren Boyd spent Monday with Dexter friends.

Mrs. John Cook has been visiting relatives at Uruia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Schenk spent last week at Buffalo.

Miss Mabel Gillam of Ypsilanti is visiting friends here.

Rev. F. A. Stiles is spending a three-weeks vacation in Ohio.

Miss Callista Boyce is visiting her aunt in Mason for two weeks.

Mrs. F. E. Wines of Olivet is the guest of her son, M. J. Emmett.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Whitaker are spending this week at Star Island.

Miss Flora Atkinson is spending several weeks with friends in Detroit.

Miss Nellie Lowry left for Evansville, Ill., last Thursday to visit relatives.

Misses Tressa Winters and Lena Foster are spending this week at Buffalo.

F. J. Morton of Detroit is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Morton.

Miss Jean Kingsley of Manchester is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Anna Calkin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Geo. Webster have been spending this week at Florence, Ont.

Mrs. Carrie Saper Cushman of Dexter spent a few hours of Friday in this village.

W. W. Wedemeyer of Ann Arbor was a Chelsea visitor the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Twanley are at Bass Lake, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Gerty Brown of Troy has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Maud Sellers for some time.

Mrs. J. W. Schenk and Miss Croman were the guests of relatives at Pinckney last week.

Mrs. Chas. E. Stimson returned Monday from a four weeks trip through the state of Washington.

Mrs. G. E. Hathaway has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Edna Martin of Adrian for the past two weeks.

State Teachers' Institute.

To the Teachers of Washtenaw County: The State Teachers' Institute will be held in Ann Arbor at the High School building during the five days beginning July 29, 1901. At this time I desire to meet and get acquainted with every teacher in the county.

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has appointed Prof. F. J. Toole of Saline conductor and Prof. M. W. Wimer of Coldwater assistant.

Under the management of these worthy gentlemen I believe we can have one of the best short term institutes in the state.

Hoping every teacher of the county will attend and take an active part, I remain,

Respectfully yours,

C. E. Foster, Sec. Com.

IN CUBA
where it is hot all the year round
Scott's Emulsion
sells better than anywhere else in the world. So don't stop taking it in summer, or you will lose what you have gained.
Send for a free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-411 West Street, New York.
50c and \$1.00 all druggists.

FARMING IN ALASKA.

Investigation Shows That Its Agricultural Resources Are of Considerable Importance.

Coming back to Alaska, Uncle Sam, as well as the engineers, is doing his part in making that land habitable, says the Little Chronicle. The agricultural department has established experiment stations above Sitka and in the Yukon valley, and they have found many places where the vegetables and grains and small fruits may be grown and many more where cattle and sheep may be raised. Indeed Dawson is no more than a hundred miles farther north than St. Petersburg, and the most northern point of Alaska is in the same latitude as Hammerfest, Norway, a town of 2,500 people. Certain parts of it—the seacoast and the great valleys—are warmer than Siberia, which, being chiefly a country of frozen plains, is exposed to arctic winds. If Norway, Sweden and Finland are self-sustaining countries, raising grain, root crops, live stock and carrying on fishing and lumbering, there is no reason why Alaska should not also become a busy country filled with people engaged in other industries than mining.

Evolution of the Hat.

According to the Washington Times, the hat of the modern American is a more or less direct descendant from the ancient helmet. The shape of a derby could have been evolved from nothing else, and it has little save tradition to recommend it. It is not beautiful or comfortable, as compared with the cowboy's soft felt hat or the cap of the European peasant. It does not keep the ears warm, nor stay on with any degree of success, and it goes out of fashion every season, reappearing later in a slightly different form. Its sole recommendation is the tradition that it is the proper headgear for a civilized and enlightened man; and when it is cocked on one side of the head of a rowdy it does not make him look either civilized or cultured.

Indigestion of Loneliness.

At a time like the present, when the marrying age of the average man of the middle classes is being more and more postponed, the physical ills of bachelorhood become increasingly under the notice of the medical man, says the London Lancet. The experience of countless generations, from the red Indian of the woods to the white-shirted diners of a modern party, has perpetuated the lesson that a man should not eat alone, nor think much at this time, but should talk and be talked to while he feeds.

If you want some "just as good" "I make it myself" Remedy, try an imitation Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill make you sick and keep you sick. Glazier & Stimson.

RHEUMATISM
CURED BY
MAGIC FOOT DRAFTS

FROM JUDGE HARRIMAN:
Ann Arbor, Mich. June 18, 1901.
Magic Foot Draft Co., Jackson, Mich.
Gentlemen—Mrs. Harriman has been using your Magic Foot Drafts for a few weeks and has derived great benefit from them. She has been troubled with rheumatism for nearly two years and at times was hardly able to walk. Every remedy she has tried has failed in her case but yours. She is steadily improving as a result of the use of your Drafts, and there is every indication that a permanent cure will be effected. I have recommended your remedy to many friends troubled as Mrs. H. has been, and am only too glad to send you this testimonial. The Drafts have certainly been efficacious in Mrs. Harriman's case.
Respectfully yours,
W. D. Harriman.
Magic Foot Drafts are \$1 a pair; 3 pairs, for \$3.50.

MAGIC FOOT DRAFT CO.
Office, 117 E. Cortland street.
Send for Jackson Testimonials.

Groceries that are First-Class

up to the highest standard of quality in every way cannot be sold at extraordinary low prices. But THE BEST GOODS can be sold at reasonable figures and that is what we are doing.

We buy goods that will prove satisfactory to our most particular customers and are satisfied to sell at a small profit and sell lots of them.

WE ARE SELLING:

Our famous Mocha and Java Coffee at 25c per pound.

Fancy Golden Rio Coffee at 15c per pound.

Finest New Crop Japan Tea at 50c per pound.

A Good New Crop Japan Tea at 35c per pound.

17 pounds Best Granulated Cane Sugar for \$1.00.

8 pounds Best Rolled Oats for 25c.

10 pounds Good Rolled Oats for 25c.

4 pounds Best Vail & Crane Crackers for 25c.

Good New Orleans Baking Molasses at 25c per gallon.

We are prepared to supply our customers with everything obtainable in the Fruit and Vegetable line and always make low prices on these goods.

Watermelons, Cantalopes, Peaches, Bananas, Pineapples, Lemons, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Celery, Cabbage, etc.

We are still cutting the finest Lyndon Full Cream Cheese at 12½c pound.

FREEMAN'S

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

We are headquarters for the

FINEST TAILORING

in Washtenaw County.

We have the largest and best stock to select from and ten dollars will go farther here to dress you, and dress you well than elsewhere.

LADIES' COATS AND CAPES

made and re-modeled. We carry in stock goods suitable for ladies wear. Agent for the celebrated Dyers.

All kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods Cleaned by our New Process and finished like new goods.

Samples and Estimates furnished on application.

GLASS BLOCK TAILOR PARLORS.

J. J. RAFTREY, Proprietor.

'Phone 37.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES.

OUR STOCK SUGGESTION.

If in doubt what to give when selecting birthday or wedding gifts, an inspection of our immense stock will suggest, and the prices will suggest where to buy.

A. E. WINANS,
THE JEWELER.

All the leading periodical of the day on sale at our jewelry store.

Repairing of all kinds promptly done.



TALMAGE'S SERMON.

"BRILLIANT FAULTS" LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

The same hour was the thing that led to the fall of Nebuchadnezzar and his son, and the same hour was the thing that led to the fall of the Babylonian empire.

Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y. Washington, July 21.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows that there is a tendency to excuse brilliant faults because they are brilliant, when the same law of right and wrong ought to be applied to high places and low; that, Daniel iv, 33, "The same hour was the thing fulfilled upon Nebuchadnezzar, and he was driven from men and did not eat grass as oxen."

Here is the mightiest of the Babylonian kings. Look at him. He did more for the grandeur of the capital than did all his predecessors or successors. Hanging gardens, reservoirs, aqueduct, palace, all of his own planning. The bricks that are brought up today from the ruins of Babylon have his name on them, "Nebuchadnezzar, son of Nabopolassar, king of Babylon." He was a great conqueror. He stretched forth his spear toward a nation and it surrendered. But he plundered the temple of the true God. He lifted an idol, Bel Merodach, and compelled the people to bow down before it, and if they refused they must go through the red hot furnace or be crushed by lion or lioness. So God punished him down.

He was smitten with what physicians call lycanthropy and fancied that he was a wild beast, and he went out and pastured among the cattle. God did not excuse him because he committed the sin in high places or because the transgressor was wide resounding. He measured Nebuchadnezzar in high places just as he would measure the humblest captive.

But in our time you know as well as I that there is a disposition to put a halo around iniquity if it is committed in conspicuous place and if it is wide resounding and of large proportions. Ever and anon there has been an epidemic of crime in high places, and there is not a state or city and hardly a village which has not been called to look upon astounding forgery or an absconding bank cashier or president or the wasting of trust funds or swindling mortgages. I propose in carrying out the suggestion of my text as far as I can, to scatter the fascinations around iniquity and show you that sin is sin and wrong is wrong whether in high place or low place and that it will be dealt with by that God who dealt with impaled Nebuchadnezzar.

Needs to Be Presented.

A missionary in the island of the Pacific preached one Sabbath on honesty and dishonesty, and on Monday he found his yard full of all styles of goods, which the natives had brought. He could not understand it until a native told him, "Our gods permit us to purloin goods, but the God you told us about yesterday, the God of heaven and earth, it seems, is against these practices, and so we brought all the goods that do not belong to us, and they are in the yard, and we want you to help us distribute them among the rightful owners." And if in all the pulpits of the United States today roasting sermons could be preached on honesty and the evils of dishonesty and the sermons were blessed of God and arrangements could be made by which all the goods which have been improperly taken from one man and appropriated by another man should be put in the city hall of the country there is not a city hall in the United States that would not be crowded from cellar to cupola. Faith of the gospel; that we must preach and we do preach. Morality of the gospel we must just as certainly proclaim.

Now look abroad and see the fascinations that are thrown around different styles of crime. The question that every man and woman has been asked has been, Should crime be excused because it is on a large scale? Is iniquity guilty and to be pursued of the law in proportion as it is on a small scale? Shall we have the penitentiary for the man who steals an overcoat from a hatrack and all Canada for a man to range in if he have robbed the public of millions?

The Way to Get Money.

There has been an irresistible impression going abroad among young men that the poorest way to get money is to earn it. The young man of flaunting cravat says to the young man of humble appearance: "What, you only get \$1,800 a year? Why, that wouldn't keep me in pin money. I spend \$5,000 a year." "Where do you get it?" asks the plain young man. "Oh, stocks, enterprises—all that sort of thing, you know." The plain young man has hardly enough money to pay his board, and has to wear clothes after they are out of fashion and deny himself all luxuries. After while he gets tired of his plodding and he goes to the man who has achieved suddenly large estate, and he says, "Just show me how it is done." And he is shown. He soon learns how, and, although he is almost all the time idle now and has resigned his position in the bank or the factory or the store, he has more money than he ever had, trades off his old silver watch for a gold one with a flashing chain, sets his hat a little farther over on the side of his head than he ever did, smokes better cigars and more of them. He has his hand in! Now, if he can escape the penitentiary for three or four years he will get into political circles and he will get political jobs and will have something to do

with harbors and pavements and docks. Now he has got so far along he is safe for perdition.

It is quite a long road sometimes for a man to travel before he gets into the romance of crime. Those are caught who are only in the proximity of it. If the sheriff and constables would only leave them alone a little while, they would steal as well as anybody. They might not be able to steal a whole railroad, but they could master a load of pig iron.

Now, I always thank God when I find an estate like that go to smash. It is plague struck, and it blasts the nation. I thank God when it goes into such a wreck it can never be gathered up again. I want it to become so loathsome and such an insufferable stench that honest young men will take warning. If God should put into money or its representative the capacity to go to its lawful owner, there would not be a bank or a safety deposit in the United States whose walls would not be blown out and mortgages would rip and parchments would rend and gold would shoot and beggars would get on horseback and stock gamblers would go to the almshouse.

The Temptations to Dishonesty.
How many dishonesties in the making out of invoices and in the plastering of false labels and in the fishing of customers of rival houses and in the making and breaking of contracts! Young men are indoctrinated in the idea that the sooner they get money the better, and the getting of it on a larger scale only proves to them their greater ingenuity. There is a glitter thrown around about all these things. Young men have got to find out that God looks upon sin in a very different light.

A young man stood behind a counter in New York selling silks to a lady, and he said before the sale was consummated, "I see there is a flaw in that silk." The lady recognized it, and the sale was not consummated. The head man of the firm saw the interview, and he wrote home to the father of the young man, living in the country, saying: "Dear sir, come and take your boy. He will never make a merchant." The father came down from the country home in great consternation, as any father would, wondering what his son had done. He came into the store, and the merchant said to him, "Why, your son pointed out a flaw in some silk the other day and spoiled the sale and we will never have that lady probably again for a customer, and your son will never make a merchant." "Is that all?" said the father. "I am proud of him. I wouldn't for the world have him another day under your influence, John, get your hat and coat; let us start." There are hundreds of young men under the pressure, under the fascinations thrown around about commercial iniquity. Thousands of young men have gone down under the pressure; other thousands have maintained their integrity. God help you! Let me say to you, my young friend, that you never can be happy in a prosperity which comes from ill gotten gains. "Oh," you say, "I might lose my place. It is easy for you to stand there and talk, but it is no easy thing to get a place when you have lost it. Besides that, I have a widowed mother depending upon my exertions, and you must not be too reckless in giving advice to me." Ah, my young friend, it is always safe to do right, but it is never safe to do wrong. You go home and tell your mother the pressure under which you are in that store, and I know what she will say to you, if she is worthy of you. She will say: "My son, come out from there. God has taken care of us all these years, and he will take care of us now. Come out of that."

Misuse of Trust Funds.
Oh, there is such a fearful fascination in this day about the use of trust funds. It has got to be popular to take the funds of others and speculate with them. There are many who are practicing that iniquity. Almost every man in the course of his life has the property of others put in his care. He has administered, perhaps, for a dead friend; he is an attorney, and money passes from debtor to creditor through his hands; or he is in a commercial establishment and gets a salary for the discharge of his responsibilities; or he is treasurer of a philanthropic institution, and money for the suffering goes through his hands; or he has some office in city or state or nation, and taxes and subsidies and supplies and salaries are in his hands. Now, that is a trust. That is as sacred a trust as God can give a man. It is the concentration of confidence. Now, when that man takes that money, the money of others and goes to speculate with it for his own purposes, he is guilty of theft, falsehood and perjury and in the most intense sense of the word is a miscreant.

There are families today—widows and orphans—with nothing between them and starvation but a sewing machine, or kept out of the vortex by the thread of a needle red with the blood of their hearts, who were by father or husband left a competency. You read the story in the newspaper of those who have lost by a bank defalcation, and it is only one line, the name of a woman you never heard of, and just one or two figures telling the amount of stock she had, the number of shares. It is a very short line in a newspaper, but it is a line of agony long as time; it is a story long as eternity.

Dangers of Liberalism.
So there has been a great deal of fascination thrown around liberalism. Society is very severe upon the impurity that lurks around the allies and low haunts of the town. The law pur-

uses it, smites it, incorporates it, tries to destroy it. You know as well as I that society becomes tolerant in proportion as impurity becomes affluent or is in elevated circles, and finally society is silent or disposed to palliate. Where is the judge, the jury, the police officer that dare arraign the wealthy libertine? He walks the streets, he rides the parks, he flaunts his iniquity in the eyes of the pure. The hag of uncleanness looks out of the tapestried window. Where is the law that dares take the brazen wretches and put their faces in an iron frame of a state prison window?

Sometimes it seems to me as if society were going back to the state of morals of Herculaneum, when it sculptured its vileness on pillars and temple wall and nothing but the lava of a burning mountain could hide the immensity of crime. At what time God will rise up and extirpate these evils upon society I know not, nor whether he will do it by fire or hurricane or earthquake; but a holy God I do not think will stand it much longer. I believe the thunderbolts are hissing hot and that when God comes to chastise the community for these sins, against which he has uttered himself more bitterly than against any other, the fate of Sodom and Gomorrah will be tolerable as compared with the fate of our modern society, which knew better, but did worse.

The Sacredness of Life.
Then look at the fascinations thrown around assassination. There are in all communities men who have taken the lives of others unlawfully, not as executioners of the law, and they go scot free. You say they had their provocations. God gave life, and he alone has a right to take it, and he may take it by visitation of providence or by an executioner of the law, who is his messenger. But when a man assumes that divine prerogative he touches the lowest depth of crime.

Society is alert for certain kinds of murder. If a citizen going along the road at night is waylaid and slain by a robber, we all want the villain arrested and executed. For all garroting, for all beating out of life by a club or an ax or a slungshot, the law has quick spring and heavy stroke, but you know that when men get affluent and high position and they avenge their wrongs by taking the lives of others, great sympathy is excited, lawyers plead, ladies weep, judge halts, jury is bribed and the man goes free. If the verdict happen to be against him, a new trial is called on through some technicality and they adjourn for witnesses that never come, and adjourn and adjourn until the community has forgotten all about it, and then the prison door opens and the murderer goes free.

Now, if capital punishment be right, I say let the life of the polished murderer go with the life of the vulgar assassin. Let us have no partiality of gallows, no aristocracy of electrocution chair. Do not let us float back to barbarism, when every man was his own judge, jury and executioner, and that man had the supremacy who had the sharpest knife and the strongest arm and the quickest step and the stealthiest revenge. He who willfully and in hatred takes the life of another is a murderer. I care not what the provocation or the circumstances. He may be cleared by an enthusiastic courtroom, he may be sent by the government of the United States as minister to some foreign court, or modern literature may polish the crime until it looks like heroism; but in the sight of God murder is murder, and the judgment day will so reveal it.

Some Plain Questions.
There are hundreds of young men who have good blood. Shall I ask three or four plain questions? Are your habits as good as when you left your father's house? Have you a pool ticket in your pocket? Have you a fraudulent document? Have you been experimenting to see how accurate an imitation you could make of your employer's signature? Oh, you have good blood. Remember your father's prayers. Remember your mother's example. Turn not in an evil way. Have you been going astray? Come back. Have you ventured out too far?

As I stand in pulpits looking over audiences sometimes my heart fails me. There are so many tragedies present, so many who have sacrificed their integrity, so many far away from God. Why, my brother, there have been too many prayers offered for you to have you go overboard. And there are those venturing down into sin, and my heart aches to call them back. At Brighton Beach or Long Branch you have seen men go down into the surf to bathe, and they waded out farther and farther, and you got anxious about them. You said, "I wonder if they can swim?" And you then stood and shouted: "Come back! Come back! You will be drowned!" They waded their hand back, saying, "No danger." They kept on wading deeper down farther out from shore, until after awhile a great wave with a strong undertow took them out, their corpses the next washed on the beach. So I see men wading down into sin farther and farther, and I call to them: "Come back! Come back! You will be lost! You will be lost!" They wave their hand back, saying, "No danger; no danger." Deeper down and deeper down, until after awhile a wave sweeps them out and sweeps them off forever. Oh, come back! The one farthest away may come.

Mrs. Winfield Taylor Durbin, wife of the governor of Indiana, is an admirer of good pictures and has a splendid collection of paintings which she gathered during several trips abroad.

SEARCH FOR A POLE.

MUCH INTEREST TAKEN IN SOUTHERN EXPLORATION.

The Exploring Ship, *Discovery*, Is Very Strong and Will Be Provisional for Three Years—German and Swedish Expeditions to Antarctic Region.

Not since Captain Cook discovered the Antarctic Continent in 1773 has so much interest been taken in southern exploration as at present. This largely is because of the successful results of the recent expedition conducted by C. E. Borchgrevink, under the patronage of Sir George Newman. Mr. Borchgrevink was the first man to hoist the union jack on the Antarctic Continent. Three expeditions, representing Great Britain, Germany and Sweden, are now fitting out and will start south as soon as possible. The British party will be the first to get away, in a ship called the *Discovery*, which has the distinction of being the first vessel to be built in England especially for an Antarctic voyage. This expedition is being equipped partly by the Geographical society and partly by the government. The ship was launched at Dundee recently and was christened by Lady Markham. She is the sixth vessel to bear the name of *Discovery*, but she is better adapted to the undertaking than have been any of her predecessors. She is very strong, being built of well-seasoned oak, 172 feet long, 33 feet broad and has a mean draught of 16 feet and a displacement of 1,750 tons. She will be provisioned for three years. The expedition will cost \$500,000, to which the government has contributed \$225,000. The explorers who are going out with her are as follows: Captain, Commander Robert Falcon Scott, who entered the navy in 1881 and served recently on the *Majestic*. Officers, Lieutenant, A. A. Armitage, explored Franz Josef Land with the *Jackson-Harmsworth* expedition; Lieutenant C. W. Rawson, Royds, R. N., who is a nephew of Admiral Sir Harry Rawson; engineer, Mr. Skelton, late of the *Majestic*. The petty officers and crew number about twenty-five. There will be three scientific specialists, including John Walter Gregory, who has traveled in the Rocky Mountains and in East Africa, crossed Spitzbergen with Sir Martin Conway in 1896, and is now professor of geology in Melbourne University. There will be two doctors, including Dr. Koellitz, who was on the staff of the *Jackson-Harmsworth* expedition. The *Discovery* will work to some extent in conjunction with the German expedition, which is being equipped at the expense of the state, the suggestion having come from Count Posadowsky-Wehner, minister of the interior. The vessel is now being completed at Kiel. A name for her has not yet been chosen, but it is known that in general construction she will be like the *Fram*, with the important difference that she will be faster and generally more seaworthy. This expedition will be led by Professor Erik von Drygalski and the vessel will be commanded by Captain Hans Ruser, an experienced officer of the Hamburg-American line. Though nominaly equipped for two years, she will be provisioned for a longer period. The German vessel will proceed by Cape Town. After wintering, the main expedition will continue to journey westward and attempt to get south of Kemp and Enderby Islands, then sail across Weddell Sea to South Georgia, and eventually to Tristan da Cunha, where the voyage practically terminates. The plan may be carried out in two years, permitting the return of the expedition in the summer of 1903. The Swedish expedition will be no less determined and energetic, so far as its personnel is concerned. It is to be led by Dr. Otto Nordenskjöld of Upsala University. Dr. Nordenskjöld proposes to sail to the Antarctic region via Terra del Fuego some time in November, and he will start southward from there next January. At the beginning of March, when the days begin to shorten, he will gradually retreat northward—Philadelphia Times.

New Ideas in Stationery.
Colored note-paper has had a long struggle to win fashionable patronage, for women of best taste persistently rejected it in favor of cream or ivory white, but recent such lovely tints have been set forth by "exclusive" dealers in high-class stationery that many have found them irresistible. The palest green, the softest, coolest blue, mauve, and delicate gray are the most popular. The latest English envelopes are long and narrow, and the sealing wax used exactly matches the shade of the stationery. A pretty wedding present, and a moderate one in cost, is a box of stationery containing paper, cards, and envelopes of different sizes, and in one of the new tones; the box also containing sealing wax of corresponding color, a seal bearing the bride's monogram, and a silver-mounted pen-holder, blotter and eraser.

Batters Are Scarce.
It would seem that the species sail-or is about to become extinct. It is only with the most careful nursing and artificial training that specimens are secured nowadays. For several years past the American navy has been forced to the scheme of drafting country boys from farms and fields, putting them on training ships and sending them around the world to pick up the tricks of the nautical trade. Now comes word from England that the British navy is in the same dilemma, and is unable to furnish half the proper complement of officers and men.

A Lawn Mower's Caution.
"I have invented a lawn mower that won't make any noise," said the earnest young man.
"To whom do you expect to sell it?" inquired the hardware merchant, coldly. "You don't suppose people will get up at 5 o'clock in the morning for the sake of shoving one of these machines around in dead silence, do you? Lawn mowers are not made merely to cut grass. Their principal purpose is to have fun with the neighbors."

A Good Mirror Tells the Truth.
No matter on whom it reflects.

SOZODONT

for the TEETH and BREATH

Now Size SOZODONT LIQUID 25c
Now Patent Box SOZODONT POWDER 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER 75c

At the Stores or by Mail, postpaid, for the Price.
A Dentist's Opinion: "As an antiseptic and hygienic mouthwash, and for the care and preservation of the teeth and gums, I cordially recommend Sozodont. I consider it the ideal dentifrice for children's use." [Name of writer upon application.]
HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK.

WHAT TRADE-MARKS COST.

Cheaper Here than in Many Other Countries of the World.
The registration of trade marks has become a necessity of late years, for unless an article of merit is protected by such means or by letters patent it is sure to be imitated by some unscrupulous person. It is only within a few years, however, that the question of protecting trade marks has assumed grave importance. This is due to the enormous increase in advertising of health foods, cereals, patent medicines and athletic novelties. The tariff of charges for registering trade marks in the various countries seems in some instances to be based upon the idea that authorized labels and the like are as much a luxury as a coach and four. In Zululand, Peru, Uruguay, Hong Kong and Granada the tariff fixed by law for each trade mark is \$145 in gold, the highest on the entire list. In this country trade marks are filed with the patent office and the price for registering one is \$55, which is the lowest rate charged anywhere. Canada charges \$60 for a general or special trade mark. There are some countries of Europe that demand \$100 for registering a trade mark, but in Great Britain, Germany, Austria, France and Spain the fee in each case is \$75. This is the rate asked in the majority of the English colonies, including New South Wales and New Zealand, but in Cape Colony it is \$115 and in South Africa \$135. The latter price is also demanded in Costa Rica. Some of the bargain country sales in the Leeward Islands, Jamaica, British Guiana, Mauritius, Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Chili, Guatemala, Sierra Leone and Bulgaria, each of which charges \$115. Little Venezuela is content with \$100 for the privilege of recording the existence of a patent label. There are thousands of trade marks that are never heard of by the great masses, because they are not properly advertised. The majority of trade mark lawyers realize big profits fighting infringements of private marks rather than in registering new ones. One of them has just settled a case that was in the courts for four years. The single word "favorite" was at issue and the courts have decided that there is no exclusive proprietary right in the word as a trade mark. One of the most successful lawyers, who represents the interests of a big cereal firm and cracker establishment as well, says that it costs more than \$15,000 annually to protect his clients from those who twist the names of brands in every conceivable way.

THE POLAR BEAR.

Some of His Characteristics Described by an Observer.
The character of the polar bear is a curious mixture of cowardice and daring, for it will fly at the sight of man, but will often come close up to the huts and sometimes even try to enter them.

When met with in the water, bears are killed with harpoons. On receiving the first wound, the animal utters loud roars, seizes the weapon with his teeth, pulls it out of the injured part and hurls it far away. Sometimes, but by no means invariably, it will turn upon its assailant. Quick it receives another spear or bird arrow from a second kayak man, against whom it turns after treating his weapon in the same manner, and sometimes breaking it, and in this way the struggle is continued until the bear is overcome. The most important precautionary rule which the hunters have to observe is, when during the fight the animal has diverged, to keep a sharp lookout down into the water in order that it may not come up unawares right under the kayak. Its white gleam can always be seen when it approaches the surface, and there is time to get away if it is coming too near. When a bear is encountered in the water, or amid somewhat scattered ice, its capture is considered a certainty for, although an excellent swimmer, it cannot get away from a kayak. In the northern colonies where they are seldom seen, the Greenlanders appear to be afraid of them, but such is far from being the case in the Julianashab district, where, in the water, at any rate, they are considered much less dangerous than the walrus or the hooded seal.

Little King's Holy Guard.
The little king of Spain is guarded every night by a body of picked men who are natives of Espinosa, and have served with distinction in the army. It is by them the gates are locked at midnight and with ceremonial solemnity reopened at 7 o'clock in the morning. Should one of his guards prove false to the person of his majesty, the king would be in Spanish law would die as it by lightning stroke to the traitor. It is a curious custom of very ancient tradition, which the queen regent has not been sorry to maintain.

THE VERSATILE KAISER.

The Extent and Variety of His Interests Is Surprising.
Beyond any question the most modern of the world's monarchs is William II, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The other day he cabled to Baron von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington, to "transmit to the brotherhood of Young Men's Christian Associations of America, assembled for their jubilee convention, my hearty congratulations." He added that he was glad to see the German associations "active in the same endeavor to take part fraternally in this jubilee gathering."
Here, as on many other occasions in the past few years, the German emperor shows that he keeps himself informed of the doings of the world. He is a close reader of the newspapers. Everything of any particular importance to any country which is going to William II hears about and expresses an interest in it. He has a great knowledge, apparently, of the affairs of the day everywhere than is possessed by any other head of a European state, monarchical or republican. The amount and exactness of his information about the affairs of England, France, the United States, Mexico, Spain, and other nations, as imparted by him to representatives of his own countries, respectively, has often caused them to marvel. He has always been a close student of the politics of the world's principal states; he has quick intelligence, a retentive memory, active sympathies and a democratic disregard for the traditions which declare that a king has no business to evince or to express any interest in the ordinary affairs of life, inside or outside of his own country. So long as crowned heads remain extant anywhere, it is well to have them of democratic sympathies and tendencies. Foreigners who know him and his country intimately have said that Germany were to be transformed into a republic today, William II would be chosen president of it by an overwhelming majority.

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H. D. WITHERELL,
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office over Bank Drug Store.

F. STAFFAN & SON,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS.
CHICAGO, ILL.
Chelsea Telephone No. 9.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office hours: 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon;
7 to 8 evening.
Night and Day calls answered promptly.
Chelsea Telephone No. 30. 2 rings for office, 3
rings for residence.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS.
FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS.
Calls answered promptly night or day.
Chelsea Telephone No. 6.
CHICAGO, ILL.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres.
J. A. Palmer, cashier. Geo. A. Bedole, asst. cashier.
—NO. 203—

THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL \$40,000.
Commercial and Savings Departments. Money
to loan on first-class security.
Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H.
Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein,
Geo. A. Bedole, Ed. Vogel.

S. G. BUSH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Formerly resident physician U. of M.
Hospital.
Office in Hatch block. Residence on
South street.

R. McCOLGAN,
Physician, Surgeon & Accouchier.
Office and residence corner of Main
and Park Streets.
Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic
in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.
CHICAGO, ILL.

G. E. HATHAWAY,
GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY.
Physician always present to administer gas or
any anesthetic for extracting. Your family physi-
cian, if you choose. We also have a good re-
liable local anesthetic for extracting. Call and
see what we have to offer in Crown, Bridges,
Metal and Rubber plates.

W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Treats all diseases of domesticated ani-
mals. Special attention given to lame-
ness and horse dentistry. Office and res-
idence on Park street across from M. E.
church, Chelsea, Mich.

DENTISTRY.
After one year's successful practice in
Chelsea, I have decided to locate here
permanently. I am prepared to do any
class of work you desire and make a
specialty of every case I have.

A. L. STEGER, D. D. S.
Chelsea Camp, No. 7338, Modern Woodmen
of America. Meetings on the first and
third Monday nights of each month.

DENTISTRY.
Having had 13 years experience I am
prepared to do all kinds of Dental Work in a care-
ful and thorough manner and as reasonably
as first-class work can be done. There is nothing
known in the Dental art but that
we can do for you, and we have a Local Anes-
thetic for extracting that has no equal.
Special attention given to Children's teeth.
H. H. AVERY, Dentist.
Office: over Rattray's Tailor Shop.

FRANK SHAVER,
Proprietor of the "City" Barber
Shop. In the new Babcock Building
Main street.
CHICAGO, ILL.

JACOB EDER,
TONSorial Parlors
Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing, etc.,
executed in first-class style. Razors
sharpened.
Shop in the Boyd block, Main street.

OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F & A. M.
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge,
No. 156, F & A. M. for 1901.
Jan. 1, Jan. 29, March 5, April 2,
April 30, May 28, June 25, July 30,
Aug. 27, Sept. 24, Oct. 22, Nov. 19.
Annual meeting and election of officers
Dec. 24. Theo. E. Wood, Sec.

DO YOU WANT LIFE INSURANCE?
DO YOU WANT FIRE INSURANCE?
I represent "The Mutual Life Insur-
ance Company of New York," the largest
insurance company in the world. Also
six of the best Fire Insurance Companies.
Can carry farm risks. Call and get figures
before you place your insurance.
B. B. TURNBULL, Agent.

ALFRED C. SMYTH,
AUCTIONEER.
Residence, Sharon Center.
Postoffice address, Manchester, Mich.
Bills furnished free.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time Card, taking effect, July 11, 1901
TRAINS EAST:
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:22 a. m.
No. 86—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.
TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:15 a. m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
O. W. ROGERS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

County and Vicinity

The common council of Stockbridge
has granted a thirty-year franchise to
put in a gas or electric light plant to
C. E. De Puy and W. J. Dancer.

Landlord J. H. Lepper, proprietor
of the Cook house, in Ann Arbor, has
issued an edict against the shirt waist.
He says that no shirt waist man shall
eat in the hotel dining room and has
already shut out several prominent
young society men of that city.

Dr. Roy S. Copeland, mayor of Ann
Arbor, expects to leave for Europe to-
day for special study in some of the
most noted hospitals. He goes also as
one of the delegates of the Methodist
Episcopal church in this country to the
ecumenical conference of the Meth-
odist churches of the world, which
meets in London during the month of
September.

A prisoner from Jackson who was
being taken to the house of correction
at Detroit to serve a 90-day sentence,
escaped from the vigilant eye of the
deputy sheriff who had him in charge
and jumped from the Grand Rapids
train here yesterday. The deputy fol-
lowed him and after a hot race across
the fields and through both the creek
and the river, captured him on the
flats, after a desperate battle. He con-
tinued his journey east on the mail
train.—Dexter Leader.

It has been the policy of the Lake
Shore and other steam roads to look
after the through business and let the
"local traffic" shift for itself. A few
years ago we could get freight from
Chicago inside or two days, now it
takes two or three times as long and
country merchants and shippers are
troubled considerably. The building
of electric lines, we fancy, will bring
the great railways to time and we will
get our goods delivered with the same
promptness as in the days of yore.—
Manchester Enterprise.

A mammoth hawk as large as an
eagle has been waging a disastrous war
on small chickens and turkeys. Like
all other such marauders the bird finally
became too bold. He had swooped
down and killed a young turkey but
was frightened away by Geo. Greene.
Mr. Greene found the turkey and nailed
it to a stump, securing a trap by his
side. The hawk came back for his
dainty morsel and fell an easy victim
to the steel jawed trap from which
there was no escape. As measured by
Mr. Greene the bird was 4 feet 4
inches from tip to tip.—Brooklyn Ex-
ponent.

Postmaster Stannard tells a good
one on himself. Last week a man,
who was evidently not an expert with
a pen came into post office and asked
the P. M. to write a letter to his father
for him. The request was gracefully
complied with. The man dictated
the letter, the postmaster occasionally
asking what next. Finally the dicta-
tor said "That's all. Oh, yes. You
might say 'excuse bad writing,'" and
the request was made so seriously that
the accommodating postmaster has not
gotten over laughing at himself yet.—
Dexter Leader.

Howard Coffin, an Ann Arbor mail
carrier, who is working himself
through college in the mechanical
engineering course, has combined the
ideas of three of the best automobiles
and locomotives together with some
of his own and has produced an auto-
mobile that will run 45 miles an hour.
He has a fully constructed and fin-
ished machine, which is almost noise-
less and "steamless." The power is
steam generated by gasoline, and a
condenser takes care of what would
ordinarily be a volume of vapor. He
put all parts together for less than
\$400, and it is the same standard of
machines for which manufacturers ask
from \$1,000 to \$1,500.

THE BEST LINIMENT FOR STRAINS.
Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer
Park, Long Island N. Y., says: "I always
recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as
the best liniment for strains. I used it
last winter for a severe lameness in the
side, resulting from a strain, and was
greatly pleased with the quick relief
and cure it effected." For sale by all
druggists.

I wish to truthfully state to you and
the readers of these few lines that
your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without
question, the best and only cure for dys-
pepsia that I have ever come in contact
with and I have used many other prepa-
rations. John Beam, West Middle
sex, Pa. No preparation equals Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure as it contains all the
natural digestants. It will digest all
kinds of food and can't help but do
you good. Glazier & Stimson.

When you want a modern, up-to-date
physic, try Chamberlain's Stomach and
Liver Tablets. They are easy to take
and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents.
Free samples at all druggists.

DANGER IN SIPHON BOTTLES.

These Used for Effervescent Drinks
Are Under Heavy Pressure and
Liable to Explode.

Few persons realize, when they are
handling an ordinary siphon bottle,
what a dangerous thing it really is.
The siphon bottles commonly used for
vichy, soda water and other effervescent
drinks are generally charged with a
pressure of from 130 to 150 pounds to
the square inch, says the Chicago
American.

That means, in plain language, that
if a bottle so charged is allowed to slip
from your hands, if only for a few feet,
the jar is liable to cause a dangerous
explosion.
By the exercise of a small amount of
care in the handling of the siphon,
however, it will be unnecessary to ex-
clude it from the house. Many acci-
dents might be averted if the fact that
siphons won't stand any sudden jar nor
extraordinary exposure to heat, nor
even any sudden change of tempera-
ture, would only be remembered.
Never grasp the cold bottle with the
hand, as the sudden change in tempera-
ture thus produced is even more lia-
ble to cause an explosion than a sudden
jar.

So dangerous are these siphons con-
sidered by the courts, if handled care-
lessly, that they always hold the bot-
tler responsible for any damage caused
by the explosion of one of them if even
the smallest defect in the making of
the siphon can be shown.
Do not keep your siphons near the
range, as the heat is liable to burst
them, and when not in use, the best
place for them is the ice box. When
empty, the siphon is, of course, harm-
less.

WE CAN CHOOSE OUR ENEMIES.

But When It Comes to Choosing Our
Friends It Is Somewhat
Different.

An open enemy is better than a gos-
siping friend. The story is told of a
man in public life in Washington who
once found himself surrounded by a
host of self-appointed counselors, con-
tinually advising him, "as friends," of
many astounding things, which a val-
ued and lifelong intimate, also in pub-
lic life, was alleged to be doing against
him, says the Boston Globe. Bitter-
ness beset the heart of the man when
he heard that his friend had turned
against him and he grieved.

Strangely enough, the friend was al-
so grieving, for he had received tales
which filled his heart with doubt of the
loyalty of his lifelong friend. "The
dog that will fetch will carry," says the
old proverb; and the "friends" who
had told tales to one of these men told
the same sort to the other. They were
politicians, place-seekers, hangers-on,
who for their own ends employed gos-
sips, and malicious gossip at that, to
keep apart these two men.
But the plan did not work. The two
men met, charged each other with cool-
ness and finally learned that they had
been the victims of tale-bearers. Then
one of them said: "We can choose our
enemies, but not our friends," and in
saying it he enunciated a truth.

AMERICA'S SCHOOL ARMY.

Standing of the Larger Cities in the
Number and Cost of Edu-
cating Children.

In respect to the number of chil-
dren in regular attendance at its pub-
lic schools New York stands at the
head of American cities, with a total
of 450,000, exclusive of 60,000 pupils
who attend parochial schools, says the
Sun.

The number of school children in
Philadelphia is 150,000, in Chicago
230,000, in Boston 90,000, in Baltimore,
which has a large colored population,
65,000, and in New Orleans, which has
a still larger colored population, 35,
000.

There are 55,000 in Cleveland, 45,000
in Cincinnati, 80,000 in St. Louis, 50,
000 in San Francisco, 50,000 in Wash-
ington and 40,000 school children in
Pittsburgh.
New York spends more than any
other American city upon the main-
tenance of its schools. The school
system of Chicago costs \$7,000,000 a
year, Philadelphia \$4,000,000, Boston,
\$3,600,000, Pittsburgh \$1,600,000, Bal-
timore, \$1,500,000, St. Louis \$1,500,000,
San Francisco, \$1,200,000, Cleveland
\$1,000,000 and New Orleans \$500,000.

The Search for Shipwrecks.
There are men scouring the sea-
coast and the harbors of this country
all the year through in search of aban-
doned wrecks. If the wrecks are
wooden vessels sheathed with copper,
the men offer good prices for them,
but if they are iron vessels, or merely
unsheathed wooden ones, they are
passed by. Wood sheathed or painted
with copper gradually absorbs the cop-
per, these wreckers say, and it is then
admirable for burning in an open fire-
place. It gives a green flame that is
very beautiful, a flame in which, sit-
ting in the dark alone and gazing long
in it, every man may behold his heart's
desire. Naturally, such a wood is val-
uable.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND,
LOST, WANTED, ETC.

Advertisements under this head will be
printed for 15 cents for the first insertion
and 10 cents for each subsequent in-
sertion.

FOUND—Pair of eye glasses. Ctl at
The Standard office.

WANTED—More people to advertise in
this column. Rates low, returns sure.

ATTENTION—You can get the Detroit
daily Journal for 6c per week or 35c
per month, delivered every evening at
your home. Leave your subscription
with Leland Foster or at the Standard
office.

FOR SALE—Set of Chambers' Encyclo-
pedia. Inquire at Standard office.

WANTED—A pair of good heavy work
horses in exchange for a fine Piano.
Call on C. Steinbach.

FOR SALE—A lumber wagon, with double
box, whitetrees and neckyoke. Geo.
H. Foster & Co.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails
to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on
each box. 25c.

GRAND CONCLAVE AT LOUISVILLE, KY.
The C. H. & D. Ry., will sell tickets at
greatly reduced rates to Louisville, Ky.,
and return, account of the Knight Tem-
plar Conclave. Tickets on sale August
24, 25, 26, 27 and 28, good to return leaving
Louisville not later than September 16.
Any further particulars will be cheer-
fully given by C. H. & D. Agents, or ad-
dress D. G. Edwards, Passenger Traffic
Manager Cincinnati, Ohio.

A bad complexion generally results
from inactive liver and bowels. In all
such cases, DeWitt's Little Early Risers
produce gratifying results.—Glazier &
Stimson.

NOTICE.
The village taxes for the year 1901
will be due July 1st and the roll is
now in my hands, and my office for
the purpose of receiving taxes will be
in the store of Jno. Farrell where all
taxpayers will please pay their taxes
before the first day of August.
Jacob Hummel, Treasurer.
Dated, Chelsea, June 26, 1901.

WHITE MAN TURNED YELLOW.
Great consternation was felt by the
friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington,
Ky., when they saw he was turning yel-
low. His skin slowly changed color,
also his eyes, and he suffered terribly.
His malady was yellow jaundice. He
was treated by the best doctors, but with-
out benefit. Then he was advised to try
Electric Bitters, the wonderful stomach
and liver remedy, and he writes: "After
taking two bottles I was wholly cured."
A trial proves its matchless merit for all
stomach, liver and kidney troubles.
Only 50c. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.

Peptone Tablets cleanse and im-
prove the blood, curing all eruptions
of the skin. 25 cts. per box.

WE TEACH WHEREVER THE MAILS REACH.
250,000—Men and Women—250,000
The International
Correspondence Schools,
BOSTON, PA.
76
Course of
Study
Tight
Security
by Mail
Men and Women Read These Testimonials Knowledge of
The World is Only the Step Between to Lay Industry.
The New System of Education
Is Simple, Thorough, and Inexpensive.
YOU GET NO BOOKS. YOU LOSE NO TIME.
STUDY WHEN YOU CAN.
Prices Low. Terms Easy.
Write for Circulars.

**Cincinnati,
Hamilton &
Dayton R. R.**
Finest Trains in Central States,
TO
Dayton,
Cincinnati,
Indianapolis.
Direct Connections for
Louisville,
St. Louis,
Chattanooga,
and all Southern and Southwestern
Cities.
Cafe Cars
Parlor Cars
Sleeping Cars
Through Day Coaches.
D. G. EDWARDS,
Passenger Traffic Manager,
Cincinnati, O.

1-2 OFF
SALE OF
SHIRT WAISTS.
All \$1.00 Shirt Waists at 49 cents
All 75c Shirt Waists at 35 cents
All 50c Shirt Waists at 25 cents

1-2 OFF ON ALL STRAW HATS.
Talk about Shoes, look our stock over before buying
buying and we will make you prices that will save
you money.
J. S. CUMMINGS Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Furnishing Goods and
Groceries.
We pay the Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs

The GRAPHOPHONE Music
Song
Story
THE MOST FASCINATING INVENTION OF THE AGE
Rules the whole realm of sound.
Write
for
Special
Catalogue
No. 35
All
Prices
from
\$5 to \$150.

Columbia Phonograph Company
88 Wabash avenue, CHICAGO ILL.

GEO. H. FOSTER & CO.,
PLUMBERS.
Dealers in Pumps, Pipes, Fittings and Windmills.
Patent wood rod couplings. No more burs and bolts to lose. Also
patent pressed leathers for tubular wells.
Tubular Well Driving and Repairing promptly
attended to.
Aluminum and gold paint for stoves, pumps and all kinds of iron work
Agents for Aermotor Windmills. Hatch-Wiggins building.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Default having been made in the conditions
of payment of the sum due upon a certain note
and indenture of mortgage made on the twen-
ty-seventh day of April, 1902, by Eliza C. Bird
to Bridget Kahoe and on the third day of July,
1901 by Elizabeth Leise as administratrix of
the estate of said Bridget Kahoe, deceased,
duly assigned to Homer J. Luther, which mort-
gage was recorded in the office of the Register
of Deeds of the County of Washtenaw, on the
27th day of April, 1902, in Liber 79 of Mortgages
on page 408 and which assignment is duly re-
corded in said Register of Deeds office on which
mortgage there is claimed to be due the date of
this notice the sum of one thousand and eleven
dollars and no proceedings at law or in equity
having been taken to recover the said sum of
money or any part thereof.
Notice is hereby given that on the Nine-
teenth day of October, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the
forenoon of said day, at the south front door
of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor,
State of Michigan, the said mortgage will be
foreclosed and the lands and tenements there-
by conveyed will be sold at public auction (or
venue to the highest bidder to satisfy the de-
bted secured thereby, and the costs and ex-
penses of these proceedings including an attor-
ney's fee of Twenty-five Dollars provided for
therein.
The lands, tenements and premises in the
said mortgage mentioned and then and there
to be sold are described as follows: All that cer-
tain piece or parcel of land situated and being
in the City of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw
and State of Michigan, to-wit: Lot number
Twenty-four (24), Block Two (2) of R. S.
Smith's Third addition to the City of Ann Ar-
bor, according to the recorded plat thereof.
Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., July 15, 1901.
HOMER J. LUTHER,
Assignee of Mortgage.
LAWRENCE & BUTTERFIELD
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.
Ann Arbor, Mich. 36

MEATS.
Choice Cuts and
Delicious Chops.
Ever think how much
in the quality of Meat
depends on the way it is
cut. We buy the best of
young animals and are
masters of the art of cut-
ting. Our is always neat
and clean and all orders
promptly filled. Give us
order for a
**Roast of Beef, Pork,
Lamb or Chicken,**
we know we can please
you. Our Ham, Bacon,
Sausage and Lard is all
cured and made under
our own supervision. Give
us a trial.
Bauer Bros.
CITY MARKET.
Klien building, east side Main street.

If you want a Good Cool Smoke call for
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